JUMO CTI-750

Inductive Conductivity/Concentration and Temperature Transmitter with switch contacts



B 202756.0 Operating Instructions



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WARNING!

A sudden failure of the instrument or of a sensor connected to it could result in dangerous overdosing. Please take suitable precautionary measures for this case.



NOTE!

All the necessary settings are described in this manual. However, if any difficulties should arise during start-up, please do not carry out any unauthorized manipulations. You could endanger your righs under the instrument warranty!



NOTE!

Resetting the LC display

If the brightness/contrast setting is such that the text in the display is not readable, the basic setting can be restored as follows:

- * Switch off the supply voltage.
- **★** Switch on the supply voltage and immediately keep the keys and held down.

Resetting the operating language to "English"

If the operating language has been set and you cannot understand the text of the display, the language can be set to "English" with the Administrator password 7485. Thereafter, the desired language can be set in ADMINISTRATOR LEVEL / DEVICE DATA /

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1 Typographical conventions

1.1 Warning signs



DANGER!

This symbol is used when there may be **danger to personnel** if the instructions are ignored or not followed correctly!



CAUTION!

This symbol is used when there may be **damage to equipment or data** if the instructions are ignored or not followed correctly!

1.2 Note signs



NOTE!

This symbol is used when your **special attention** is drawn to a remark.

abc¹ Footnote

Footnotes are remarks that **refer to specific points** in the text. Footnotes consist of two parts:

A marker in the text, and the footnote text.

The markers in the text are arranged as continuous superscript numbers.

* Action instruction

This symbol indicates that an action to be performed is described.

The individual steps are marked by this asterisk.

Example:

* Remove crosspoint screws.

2.1 Preface

Please read these operating instructions before commissioning the instrument. Keep the manual in a place that is accessible to all users at all times.



NOTE!

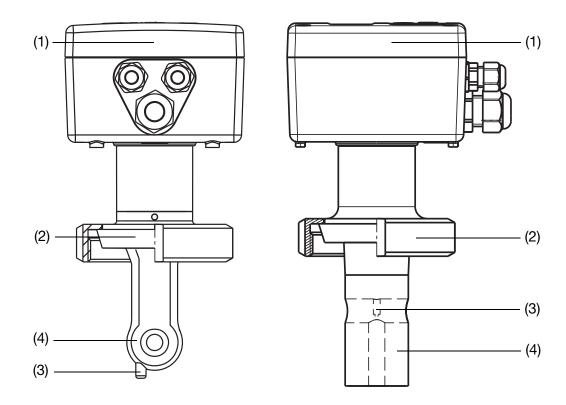
All necessary settings are described in this manual. However, if any difficulties should still arise during start-up, please do not carry out any unauthorized manipulations. You could endanger your rights under the instrument warranty!

Please contact the nearest subsidiary or the head office in such a case.

2.2 Device configuration

2.2.1 Device as head transmitter

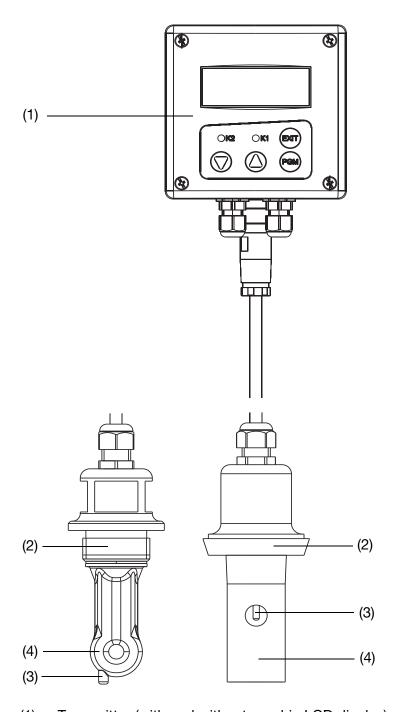
Example



- (1) Transmitter (with and without graphic LCD display)
- (2) Process connection
- (3) Temperature probe
- (4) Inductive conductivity measurement sensor

2.2.2 Device with separate sensor

Example



- (1) Transmitter (with and without graphic LCD display)
- (2) Process connection
- (3) Temperature probe
- (4) Inductive conductivity measurement sensor

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3 Inductive conductivity measurement

3.1 Area of application

General

The inductive measurement method permits largely maintenance-free acquisition of the specific conductivity, even in difficult media conditions. Unlike the conductive measurement method, problems such as electrode decomposition and polarization do not occur.

Brief description

The instrument is used for the measurement/control of conductivity or concentration in liquid media. It is particularly recommended for use in media where severe deposits of dirt, oil, grease or gypsum/lime precipitates are to be expected. The integrated temperature measurement enables fast and accurate temperature compensation, which is of particular importance when measuring conductivity. Additional functions, such as the combined changeover of measurement range and temperature coefficient, enable optimum application in CIP processes.

Two built-in switching outputs can be freely programmed to monitor limits for conductivity/concentration and/or temperature. It is also possible to assign alarm and control functions (dilution).

The instrument is operated either from the membrane keypad and plain-text graphics display (operator language can be changed over) or through the user-friendly PC setup program. Simply rotating the housing cover makes it possible to read the display, regardless of whether the installation is in horizontally or vertically arranged pipes. By using the setup program, the instrument configuration data for plant documentation can be saved and printed out. To prevent any tampering, the instrument can also be supplied without keypad or display. In this case, the setup program is needed for programming.

The instrument is available either as a combined unit (transmitter and measuring cell together in one unit) or as a split version (transmitter and cell connected by cable). The split version is particularly suitable for plant subjected to strong vibration and/or significant heat radiation at the point of measurement, or for installation on sites that are difficult to access.

Typical areas of application

- CIP cleaning (CIP = Clean In Place/Process)
- · concentration monitoring or dosing of chemicals
- food/beverage and pharmaceutical industries
- product monitoring (phase separation of product/product mix/water) in the beverage industry, breweries, dairies
- control (e.g. phase separation of detergent/rinsing water in cleaning processes, e.g. bottle cleaning plant, or for container cleaning)

3 Inductive conductivity measurement

3.2 Function

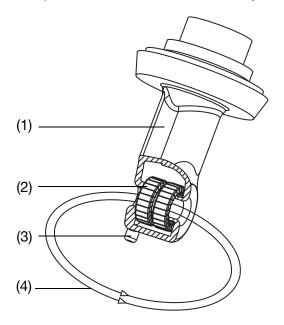
of the transmitter

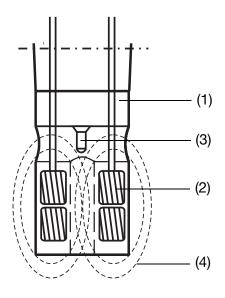
The instrument has been designed for use on site. A rugged housing protects the electronics and the electrical connections from corrosive environmental conditions (enclosure IP67). As standard, the device has one analog signal output each for conductivity/concentration and temperature respectively. Further processing of the standard signals can take place in a suitable display/control device, or, for example, directly in a PLC.

The output signals are electrically isolated from one another and from the medium.

of the measuring cell

The conductivity is measured using an inductive probe. A sinusoidal a.c. voltage feeds the transmitting coil. Depending on the conductivity of the liquid to be measured, a current is induced in the receiver coil. This current is proportional to the conductivity of the medium. The cell constant of the inductive probe depends on its geometry. The cell constant can also be affected by components in the immediate vicinity.





- (1) Plastic body
- (2) Coils
- (3) Temperature sensor
- (4) Liquid loop

4.1 Nameplate

on the transmitter

JUMO GmbH & Co. KG

Fulda, Germany www.jumo.net

(()

JUMO CTI-750

Type: 202756/15-607-0000-82/767,941

VARTN: 20/00544540

F No.: 12345678 01 0 1203 0001

=== DC 19...31 V ≤3W

on the connecting cable (only with separate sensor)

F No.: 00909467 01 0 1203 0001



CAUTION!

For devices with a separate sensor, the transmitter and detached sensor are matched to one another at the factory!

When connecting the components, please note that the serial number of the external sensor (marked on the label attached to the connecting cable) must match the serial number marked on the nameplate of the transmitter!



NOTE!

The date of manufacture is coded in the "F No." (serial number): 1203 means manufactured in year 2012/calendar week 03

4.2 Type designation

4.3 The device as "Head transmitter"

Inductive transmitter/switching device for conductivity/ concentration and temperature		(1)	Basic type
(2) Basic type extension 10 Head transmitter in plastic housing, without display/keypad ^a 15 Head transmitter in plastic housing, with display/keypad 16 Head transmitter in stainless steel housing, with display/keypad (3) Process connection 107 Thread G 1 1/4 A 108 Thread G 1 1/2 A 110 Thread G 2 A 606 DN 40 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11 851 (MK DN 40, milk cone) 607 DN 50 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 50, milk cone) 608 DN 65 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 65, milk cone) 609 DN 80 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 80, milk cone) 610 Clamp 2 1/2" ^b 686 VARIVENT® DN 40/50 ^{b, c, d} 690 SMS 2" 955 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} 956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) [†] 767 Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 184 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF [†]	202756		
10 Head transmitter in plastic housing, without display/keypad 15 Head transmitter in plastic housing, with display/keypad 16 Head transmitter in stainless steel housing, with display/keypad (3) Process connection 107 Thread G 1 1/4 A 108 Thread G 1 1/2 A 110 Thread G 2 A 606 DN 40 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11 851 (MK DN 40, milk cone) 607 DN 50 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 50, milk cone) 608 DN 65 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 65, milk cone) 609 DN 80 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 80, milk cone) 617 Clamp 2 1/2"b 686 VARIVENT® DN 40/50 b, c, d 690 SMS 2" 955 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} 956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) ^f 760 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ^f 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC			·
15 Head transmitter in plastic housing, with display/keypad 16 Head transmitter in stainless steel housing, with display/keypad (3) Process connection 107 Thread G 1 1/4 A 108 Thread G 1 1/2 A 110 Thread G 2 A 606 DN 40 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11 851 (MK DN 40, milk cone) 607 DN 50 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 50, milk cone) 608 DN 65 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 65, milk cone) 609 DN 80 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 80, milk cone) 617 Clamp 2 1/2"b 686 VARIVENT® DN 40/50 b, c, d 690 SMS 2" 955 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} 956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) ^f 760 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ^l 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC		(2)	
Head transmitter in stainless steel housing, with display/keypad Gamma G			
(3) Process connection 107 Thread G 1 1/4 A 108 Thread G 1 1/2 A 110 Thread G 2 A 606 DN 40 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11 851 (MK DN 40, milk cone) 607 DN 50 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 50, milk cone) 608 DN 65 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 65, milk cone) 609 DN 80 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 80, milk cone) 617 Clamp 2 1/2"b 686 VARIVENT® DN 40/50 b, c, d 690 SMS 2" 955 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} 956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) [†] 7wo M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 1nternal temperature sensor Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ^l 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	15		
107 Thread G 1 1/4 A 108 Thread G 1 1/2 A 110 Thread G 2 A 606 DN 40 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11 851 (MK DN 40, milk cone) 607 DN 50 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 50, milk cone) 608 DN 65 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 65, milk cone) 609 DN 80 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 80, milk cone) 617 Clamp 2 1/2"D 686 VARIVENT® DN 40/50 b, c, d 690 SMS 2" 955 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} 956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) ^f Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 108 Internal temperature sensor Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ^l 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	16		Head transmitter in stainless steel housing, with display/keypad
108 Thread G 1 1/2 A 110 Thread G 2 A 606 DN 40 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11 851 (MK DN 40, milk cone) 607 DN 50 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 50, milk cone) 608 DN 65 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 65, milk cone) 609 DN 80 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 80, milk cone) 617 Clamp 2 1/2"b 686 VARIVENT® DN 40/50 b, c, d 690 SMS 2" 955 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} 956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) [†] 760 Extra code 160 Internal temperature sensor Cell material PEEK [†] 768 Cell material PVDF [†] 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC		(3)	Process connection
110 Thread G 2 A 606 DN 40 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11 851 (MK DN 40, milk cone) 607 DN 50 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 50, milk cone) 608 DN 65 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 65, milk cone) 609 DN 80 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 80, milk cone) 617 Clamp 2 1/2"D 686 VARIVENT® DN 40/50 b, c, d 690 SMS 2" 955 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} 956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) [†] 84 Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF [†] 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	107		Thread G 1 1/4 A
606 DN 40 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11 851 (MK DN 40, milk cone) 607 DN 50 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 50, milk cone) 608 DN 65 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 65, milk cone) 609 DN 80 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 80, milk cone) 617 Clamp 2 1/2" ^b 686 VARIVENT® DN 40/50 b, c, d 690 SMS 2" 955 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} 956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) [†] 84 Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ^l 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC			Thread G 1 1/2 A
607 DN 50 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 50, milk cone) 608 DN 65 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 65, milk cone) 609 DN 80 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 80, milk cone) 617 Clamp 2 1/2"D 686 VARIVENT® DN 40/50 b, c, d 690 SMS 2" 955 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} 956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) 84 Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ⁹ (6) Extra code 268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEKh 768 Cell material PVDFi 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	110		Thread G 2 A
DN 65 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 65, milk cone) DN 80 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 80, milk cone) Clamp 2 1/2"b VARIVENT® DN 40/50 b, c, d SMS 2" Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) ^f Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code Internal temperature sensor Cell material PEEK ^h Cell material PVDF ⁱ 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	606		DN 40 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11 851 (MK DN 40, milk cone)
609 DN 80 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 80, milk cone) 617 Clamp 2 1/2" ^b 686 VARIVENT® DN 40/50 ^{b, c, d} 690 SMS 2" 955 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} 956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) ^f 84 Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ⁱ 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	607		DN 50 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 50, milk cone)
617 Clamp 2 1/2"b 686 VARIVENT® DN 40/50 b, c, d 690 SMS 2" 955 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} 956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) [†] 84 Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ^l 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	608		DN 65 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851 (MK DN 65, milk cone)
686 VARIVENT® DN 40/50 b, c, d 690 SMS 2" 955 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} 956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) [†] 84 Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ⁱ 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	609		
955 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} 956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) ^f 84 Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ⁱ 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	617		
955 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e} 956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) ^f 84 Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ⁱ 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	686		VARIVENT® DN 40/50 b, c, d
956 Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e} (4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) [†] 84 Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ⁱ 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	690		SMS 2"
(4) Immersion length 0000 See "Dimensions for head transmitter" (5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) ^f 84 Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ⁱ 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	955		Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 57 mm ^{c, e}
See "Dimensions for head transmitter"	956		Pressing screw G 1 A, EL= 87 mm ^{c, e}
(5) Electrical connection 82 Cable glands 83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) ^f 84 Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ⁱ 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC		(4)	Immersion length
Cable glands M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) ^f Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code Internal temperature sensor Cell material PEEK ^h Cell material PVDF ⁱ Supply voltage 24 V AC	0000		See "Dimensions for head transmitter"
83 M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) ^f 84 Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ⁱ 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC		(5)	Electrical connection
Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g (6) Extra code 268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ⁱ 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	82		Cable glands
(6) Extra code 268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ⁱ 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	83		M12 plug/socket connectors (instead of the cable glands) ^f
268 Internal temperature sensor 767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ⁱ 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	84		Two M16 cable glands and one blanking plug ^g
767 Cell material PEEK ^h 768 Cell material PVDF ⁱ 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC		(6)	Extra code
768 Cell material PVDF ⁱ 844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	268		Internal temperature sensor
844 Supply voltage 24 V AC	767		Cell material PEEK ^h
117 0	768		Cell material PVDF ⁱ
O44 Hardania dasim	844		Supply voltage 24 V AC
941 Hygienic design	941		Hygienic design

^a The PC setup program is required for programming the instrument, see accessories.

b Mounting items (mounting brackets) not included in delivery.

^c Only in conjunction with extra code 767 (cell material PEEK)

d EHEDG-certified

^e Only in conjunction with extra code 268 (internal temperature sensor) and 767 (cell material PEEK). Installation only in conjunction with process connection adapter, part no. 00530354 or 00530355!

f If required, order 1 set M12 plug/socket connectors, part no. 00529482.

^g Standard on basic type extension 16

h Temperature sensor always internal

Not in combination with extra code 941

	(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)		(6)	
Order code		/		-		-		-		/		, ^a
Order example	202756	/	10	_	607	_	0000	_	82	/	767	_

^a List extra codes in sequence, separated by commas.

4.4 The device as "Transmitter with separate sensor"

	(1)	Basic type
202756		Inductive transmitter/switching device for conductivity/
	(0)	concentration and temperature
	(2)	Basic type extension
20		Transmitter in plastic housing, without display/keypad (without sensor) ^{a, b}
25		Transmitter with display/keypad (without sensor) ^b
26		Transmitter in stainless steel housing, with display/keypad (without sensor) ^b
60		Transmitter without display/keypad including sensor (cable length 10 m) ^a
65		Transmitter with display/keypad including sensor (cable length 10 m)
66		Transmitter in stainless steel housing, with display/keypad including sensor (cable length 10 m)
80		Replacement sensor with a 10 m long cable for transmitter in plastic housing (without transmitter) ^{b, c}
85		Replacement sensor with a 10 m long cable for transmitter in stainless steel housing (without transmitter) ^{b, c}
	(3)	Process connection
000		Without process connection
107		Thread G 1 1/4 A
108		Thread G 1 1/2 A
110		Thread G 2 A
606		DN 40 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851(MK DN 40, milk cone)
607		DN 50 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851(MK DN 50, milk cone)
608		DN 65 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851(MK DN 65, milk cone)
609		DN 80 screwed pipe fitting, DIN 11851(MK DN 80, milk cone)
617		Clamp 2 1/2" ^C
686		VARIVENT® DN 40/50 ^{c, d, e}
690		SMS 2"
706		Immersion model ^f
955		Pressing screw G 1", EL = 57 mm ^{d, g}
956		Pressing screw G 1", EL = 87 mm ^{d, g}
	(4)	Immersion length (see "Dimensions for separate sensor") ^f
0000		Not available
0500		500 mm
1000		1000 mm
1500		1500 mm
2000		2000 mm
XXXX		Special length (in 250 mm increments, e.g. 0250, 0750, 1250, 1750)

	(5)	Electrical connection
21		Fixed cable with M12 socket connector on separate sensor
82		Cable glands on the operating unit
83		M12 plug/socket connectors on operating unit
84		Two M16 cable glands and a blind grommeth
	(6)	Extra code
000		No extra code
268		Internal temperature sensor
767		Cell material PEEK ⁱ
768		Cell material PVDF ^j
844		Supply voltage 24 V AC
941		Hygienic design

^a The PC setup program is required for programming the instrument, see accessories.

Not in combination with extra code 941

	(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)		(6)	
Order code		/		-		-		-		/		, ^a
Order example	202756	/	65	_	607	_	0000	-	82	/	000	_

^a List extra codes in sequence, separated by commas.

^b A calibration kit is absolutely essential for commissioning. If not available, please include in your order (see accessories).

^c Mounting items (mounting brackets) not included in delivery.

d Only in conjunction with extra code 767 (cell material PEEK)

e EHEDG-certified

f Only in conjunction with extra code 768 (cell material PVDF)

⁹ Only in conjunction with extra code 268 (internal temperature sensor) and 767 (cell material PEEK). Installation only in conjunction with process connection adapter, part no. 00530354 or 00530355!

h Standard on basic type extension 66 i Temperature sensor always internal

Accessories

Туре	Part No.
Flange DN 32, material: PP	00083375
Flange DN 50, material: PP	00083376
Weld-on threaded adapter DN 50, DIN 11851	00085020
Adapter Clamp 1" - 1,5" to G 1	00530354
Adapter MK DN 50 to G 1	00530355
Ring nut DN 50, DIN 11851	00343368
Ring nut SMS DN 2", Mutter	00345162
M12 plug connector, 8-pole, straight, for assembly by user	00444307
M12 socket connector, 8-pole, straight, for assembly by user	00486503
M12 socket connector, 8-pole, straight, for assembly by user	00444312
M12 socket connector, 5-pole, straight, for assembly by user	00444313
Connector set (TN 00444307 and TN 00444313) for 202755/202756 (PG209791)	00529482
Cover with LC-display and keyboard	00443725
Cover with LC-display and keyboard for VA-version	00525488
DIN rail mounting set	00459903
Pipe installation kit	00515128
Switching mode power supply, type PS5R-A24 for DIN rail mounting; Input voltage 100 240 V AC	00374661
Adjustment set (for calibrating a replacement transmitter)	00459436
PC interface (USB/TTL), 2 adapter setup cable	00456352

Software

Туре	Part No.
Setup	00454710

5.1 **Technical data**

5.1.1 Conductivity transmitter

A/D converter						
Resolution	15 bits					
Sampling time	500 ms = 2 measurements/s					
Power supply	For SELV and PELV circuit operation only.					
Standard	19 - 31 V DC (24 V DC nominal)					
Residual ripple	<5 %					
Reverse polarity protection	yes					
Extra code 844	24 V DC ±10 %, 50 - 60 Hz					
Power draw						
with display	≤ 3 W					
without display	≤ 2,6 W					
Contact rating						
of the photo MOS relay						
Voltage	≤ 50 V AC/DC					
Current	≤ 200 mA					
Electrical connection						
82	Cable glands/pluggable screw terminals, 2,5 mm ²					
83	M12 plug/socket (instead of cable glands)					
84	Two M16 cable glands and a pluggable screw terminal blanking					
	plug, 2,5 mm ²					
Display						
Basic type extension 10	without dsplay					
Basic type extension 15	Backlit graphic LCD; adjustable contrast; dimensions: 62 mm × 23 mm					
Basic type extension 16	Backlit graphic LCD; adjustable contrast; dimensions: 62 mm × 23 mm					
Permissible ambient	5 to +50 °C; max. rel. humidity. 93 %, no condensation					
temperature	•					
Permissible storage temperature	-10 to +75 °C; max. rel. humidity. 93 %, no condensation					
Protection rating ^a	IP67					
Electromagnetic compatibility ^b						
Interference emission	Class B					
Interference immunity	to industrial requirements					
Housing	'					
Basic type extensions 10, 15, 20, 25, 60, 65	PA					
Basic type extensions 16, 26, 66	Stainless steel 1.4305 (AISI 303)					
Weight ^c	approx. 0,3 - 2,4 kg					
L						

^a DIN EN 60529 ^b DIN EN 61326

5 Instrument description

^c Dependent on version and process connection

5.1.2 Measuring ranges

There is a choice of four different measuring ranges. Any one of these ranges can be activated by an external switch or by a PLC.



NOTE!

The overall accuracy is composed of transmitter accuracy plus sensor accuracy.

Transmitter	Accuracy (as % of measuring range span)				
measuring ranges					
0 - 500 μS/cm	≤ 0,5 %				
0 - 1000 μS/cm					
0 - 2000 μS/cm					
0 - 5000 μS/cm					
0 - 10 mS/cm					
0 - 20 mS/cm					
0 - 50 mS/cm					
0 - 100 mS/cm					
0 - 200 mS/cm					
0 - 500 mS/cm					
0 - 1000 mS/cm					
0 - 2000 mS/cm ^a					
Concentration measurement	implemented in the device software				
NaOH (caustic soda)	0 - 15 % by weight or 25 - 50 % by weight (0 - 90 °C)				
HNO ₃ (nitric acid)	0 - 25 % by weight or 36 - 82 % by weight (0 - 80 °C)				
Customer-specific	freely programmable via the setup program (see "Special				
concentration curve	functions")				
Calibration timer	0 - 999 days (0 = OFF)				
Output signal conductivity	0 - 10 V or 10 - 0 V				
and concentration ^b	2 - 10 V or 10 - 2 V				
	0 - 20 mA or 20 - 0 mA				
	4 - 20 mA or 20 - 4 mA				
Burden					
at current output	≤ 500 Ω				
at voltage output	≥ 2k Ω				
Ambient temperature effect	≤ 0,1 %/K				
Analog output at "Alarm"					
Low	0 mA/0 V/3.4 mA/1.4 V or a fixed value				
High	22.0 mA/0.7 V or a fixed value				

^a Not temperature compensated.

b The output signal is freely scalable.

5.1.3 Temperature transmitters

Temperature acquisition ^a	Manually, -20.0 to 25.0 to 150 °C or °F, or automatically					
Measuring range	-20 - 150 °C or °F					
Characteristic	linear					
Accuracy	≤ 0.5 % of the measuring range					
Ambient temperature effect	≤ 0.1 %/K					
Output signal	0 - 10 V or 10 - 0 V					
	2 - 10 V or 10 - 2 V					
	0 - 20 mA or 20 - 0 mA					
	4 - 20 mA or 20 - 4 mA					
	The output signal is freely scalable in the -20 to +200°C range.					
Burden						
at current output	≤ 500 Ω					
at voltage output	\geq 2k Ω					
Analog output at "Alarm"						
Low	0 mA/0 V/3.4 mA/1.4 V or a fixed value					
High	22.0 mA/10.7 V or a fixed value					

^a Take the permissible sample medium temperature into consideration!

5.1.4 Temperature compensation

Reference temperature	15 to 30 °C, adjustable
Temperature coefficient	5.5 %/°C, adjustable
Compensation range	-20 to 150 °C
Function	linear or
	natural water (EN 27888) or
	non-linear (learning function, see Special functions

5 Instrument description

5.1.5 Inductive conductivity sensor

Measuring range	Accuracy (as % of measuring range span)
0 - 500 μS/cm	≤ 1 %
0 - 1000 μS/cm	≤ 1 %
0 - 2000 μS/cm	≤ 0,5 %
0 - 5000 μS/cm	≤ 0,5 %
0 - 10 mS/cm	≤ 0,5 %
0 - 20 mS/cm	≤ 0,5 %
0 - 50 mS/cm	≤ 0,5 %
0 - 100 mS/cm	≤ 0,5 %
0 - 200 mS/cm	≤ 0,5 %
0 - 500 mS/cm	≤ 0,5 %
0 - 1000 mS/cm	≤1 %
0 - 2000 mS/cm ^a	≤1 %
Material	
for extra code 767	PEEK
for extra code 768	PVDF
Permissible sample	-10 - +120 °C, briefly +140 °C (sterilization)
medium temperatures	
Pressure	max. 10 bar

^a Not temperature compensated



NOTE!

The temperature, pressure and process medium influence the operating life of the measuring cell.

6.1 General

6.1.1 Installation location

Make sure that the site is readily accessible, for calibration at a later time.

The fixing must be secure and free from vibration.

Avoid direct sunlight!

Take care that there is adequate flow through and around the sensor (2)!

If the device is to be mounted in a pipeline, there must be at least 20 mm clearance between the sensor and the wall of the pipe.

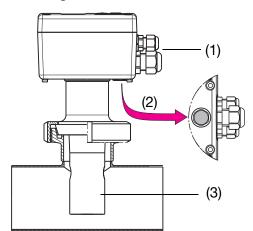
If it is not possible to achieve this minimum clearance, then a limited compensation can be made through the "Mounting factor" parameter.

For submerged operation in basins, a location must be chosen that is representative of the typical conductivity or concentration.

6.1.2 Mounting location

The device can be mounted in any position.

The display can be adjusted by means of a captive screw according to the mounting direction.





ACHTUNG!

With head transmitters, the PG cable glands (1) must point in the flow direction!

With separate conductivity sensors, the flow direction is indicated by a dot on the upper part of the sensor.

This dot must point in the flow direction!

With "overhead installation" the black breather (2) points upwards. In this case, **no** liquid (such as condensate) must be allowed to block the breather (2)!

6.1.3 Screwing the separate sensor in and out



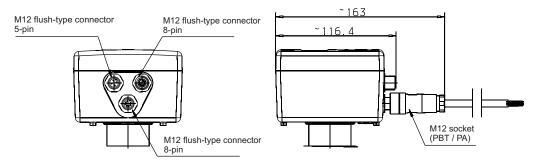
CATUION!

The cable must not be twisted! Avoid forcefully tugging the cable, especially suddenly.

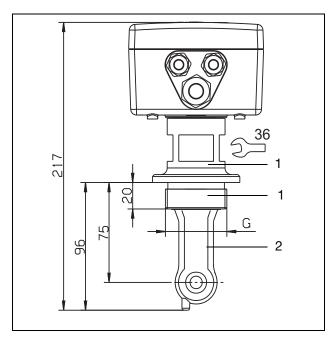
6.2 Head transmitter dimensions

6.2.1 Operating device

Head transmitter in a plastic casing for basic type extensions 10 or 15 and electrical connection 83



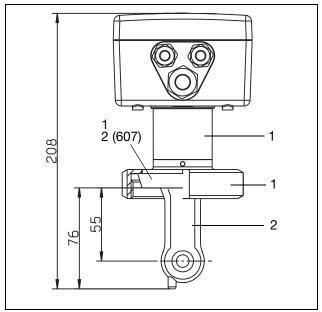
6.2.2 Process connections



Version with process connection 108 = screw-in thread G 1 1/2 A 110 = screw-in thread G 2 A and extra code 767 222 3 901 G 36 36 37 38 38 39 30 31

Version with process connection 107 = screw-in thread G 1 1/4 A 108 = screw-in thread G 1 1/2 A 110 = screw-in thread G 2 A and extra code 768

1 = stianless steel 1.4301 2 = PEEK 3 = PVDF



Version with process connection

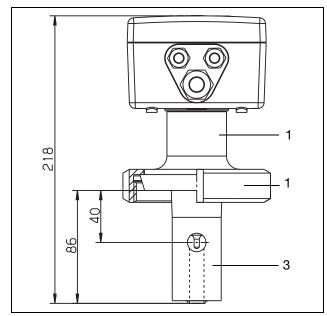
607 = MK DN 50

608 = MK DN 65

609 = MK DN 80

and extra code 767

1 = stainless steel 1.4301 2 = PEEK



Version with process connection

606 = MK DN 40

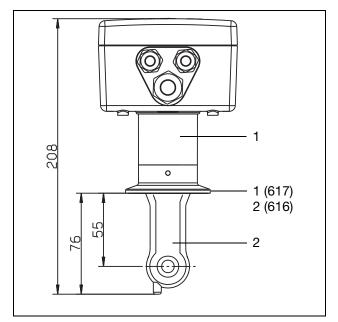
607 = MK DN 50

608 = MK DN 65

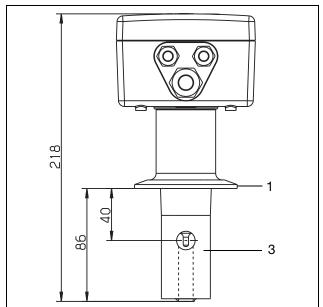
609 = MK DN 80

and extra code 768

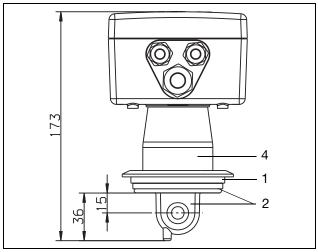
3 = PVDF



Version with process connection 616 = Clamp 2" 617 = Clamp 2 1/2" and extra code 767 and 941 (retaining clip not included in delivery)

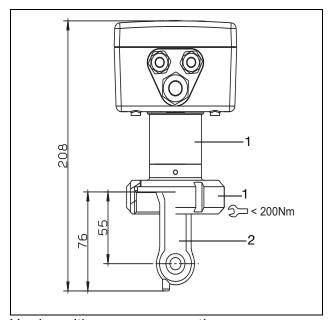


Version with process connection 617 = Clamp 2 1/2" and extra code 768 (retaining clip not included in delivery)

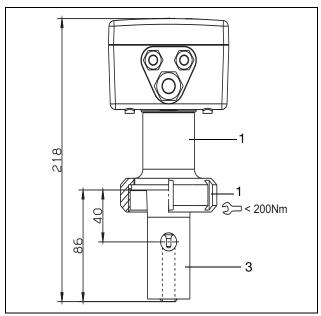


Version with process connection 686 = VARIVENT® DN 40/50 and extra code 767 and 941 (retaining clip not included in delivery)

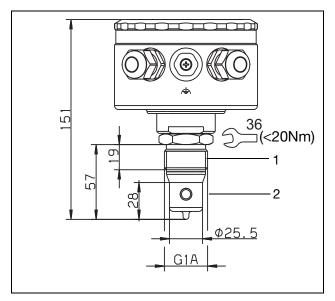
1 = stainless steel 1.4301 2 = PEEK 3 = PVDF 4 = PPS GF 40



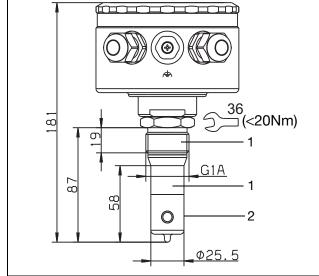
Version with process connection 690 = SMS 2" and extra code 767 and 941



Version with process connection 690 = SMS 2" and extra code 768



Version with process connection 955 = Pressing screw G 1" (> < 20Nm) EL = 57 mm

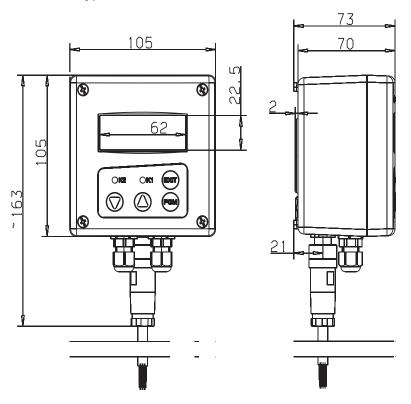


Version with process connection 956 = Pressing screw G1"(2 < 20Nm) EL = 87 mm

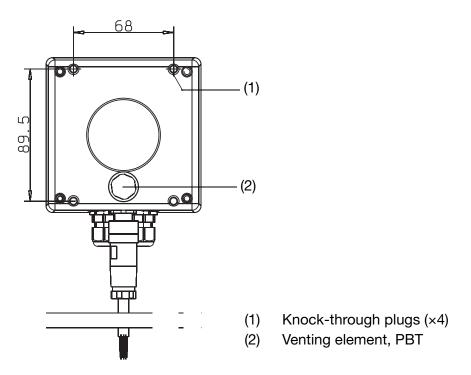
6.3 Device with separate sensor

6.3.1 Operating device

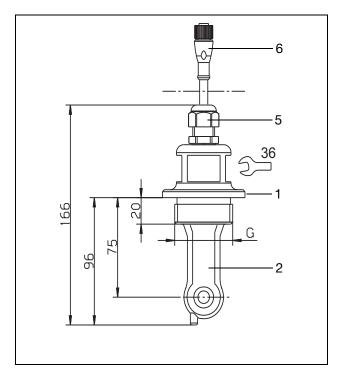
Transmitter with a separate sensor, in a plastic casing with basic type extensions 26 or 66 and electrical connection 83



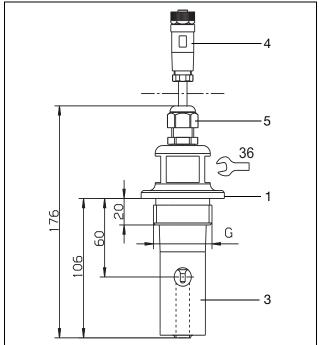
6.3.2 Drilling template for wall mounting



6.3.3 Process connections

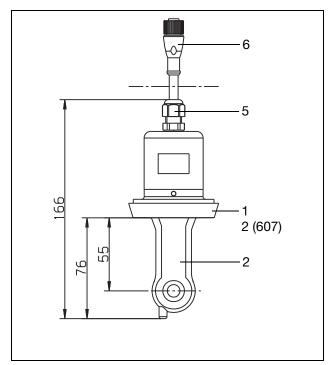


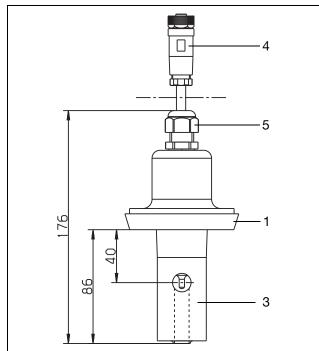
Version with process connection 108 = screw-in thread G 1 1/2 A 110 = screw-in thread G 2 A and extra code 767



Version with process connection 107 = screw-in thread G 1 1/4 A 108 = screw-in thread G 1 1/2 A 110 = screw-in thread G 2 A and extra code 768

1 = stainless steel 1.4301 2 = PEEK 3 = PVDF 4 = PBT 5 = PA 6 = TPU





Split version with process connection

607 = MK DN 50

608 = MK DN 65

609 = MK DN 80

and extra code 767

(retaining clip not included in delivery)

Split version with process connection

606 = MK DN40

607 = MK DN50

608 = MK DN65

609 = MK DN80

and extra code 768

(retaining clip not included in delivery)

1 = stainless steel 1.4301 2 =

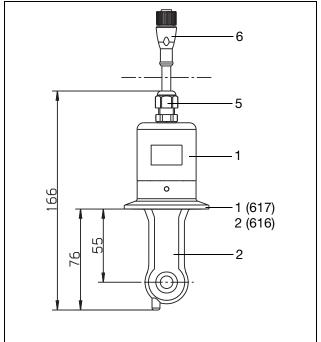
2 = PEEK

3 = PVDF

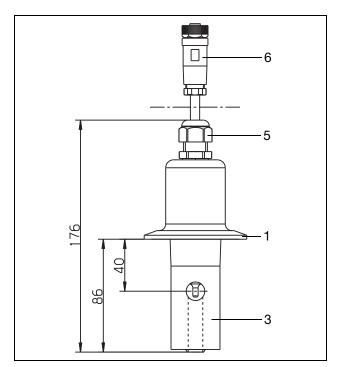
4 = PBT

5 = PA

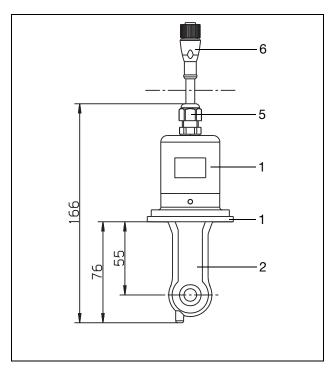
6 = TPU



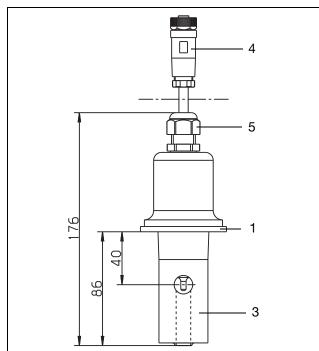
Split version with process connection
616 = Clamp 2"
617 = Clamp 2 1/2"
and extra code 767
(retaining clip not included in delivery)



Split version with process connection 617 = Clamp 2 1/2" and extra code 768 (retaining clip not included in delivery)



Split version with process connection 690 = SMS 2" and extra code 767 (retaining clip (>>> < 200Nm) not included in delivery)



Split version with process connection 690 = SMS 2" and extra code 768 (retaining clip (>>> < 200Nm) not included in delivery)

1 = stainless steel 1.4301

2 = PEEK

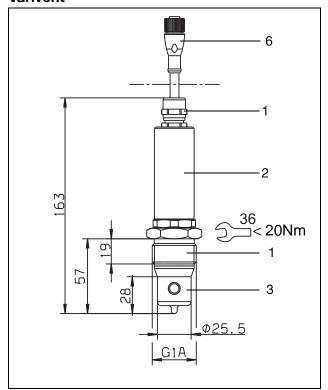
3 = PVDF

4 = PBT

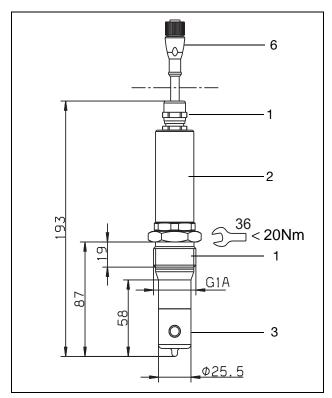
5 = PA

6 = TPU

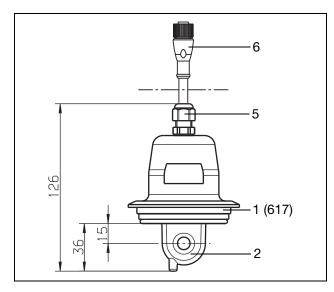
Varivent[®]



Split version with process connection 955 = Pressing screw G 1" (2 < 20Nm) EL = 57 mm and extra code 767



Split version with process connection 956 = Pressing screw G1" (2 < 20Nm) EL = 87 mm and extra code 767



Split version with process connection 686 = VARIVENT® DN 40/50 and extra code 767 and 941 (retaining clip not included in delivery)

1 = stainless steel 1.4301

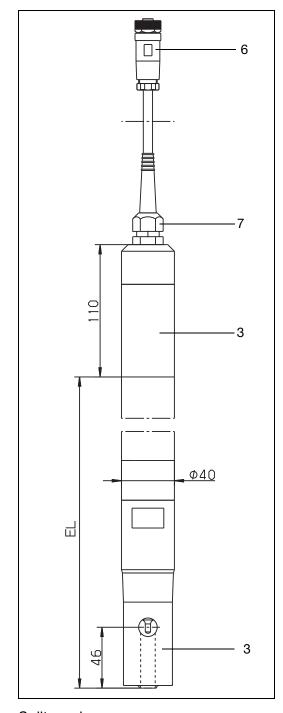
2 = PEEK

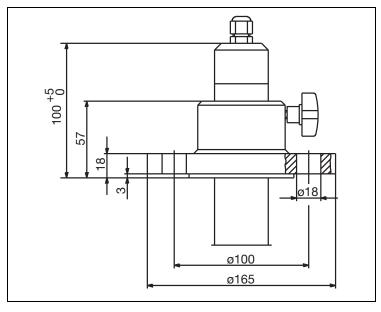
3 = PVDF

4 = PBT

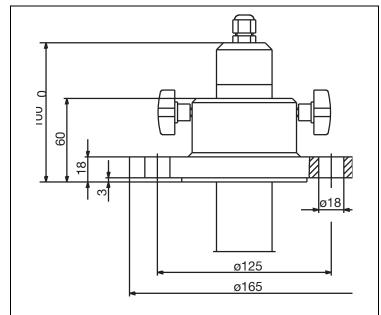
5 = PA

6 = TPU





Optional accessory DN 32 Flange Part no. 00083375



Split version with process connection 706 immersion model (pipe clips not included in delivery)

Optional accessory DN 50 Flange Part no. 00083376

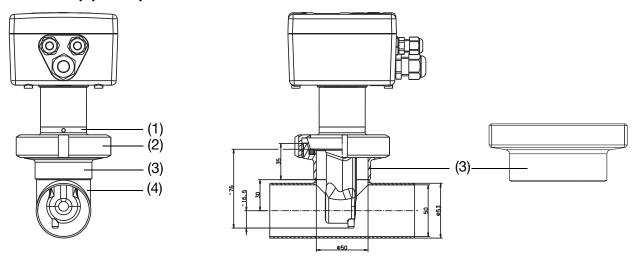
$$3 = PVDF$$

$$6 = PBT$$

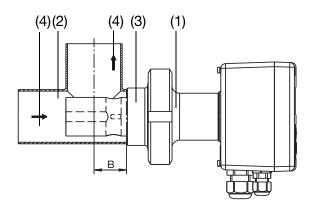
7 = brass nickel plated EPDM

6.4 Mounting examples

Threaded pipe adapter

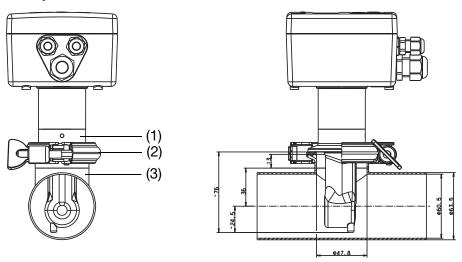


- (1) Process connection 607, screwed pipe fitting DN 50, DIN 11851 (MK DN 50, milk cone), PEEK
- (2) Ring nut DN 50, 1.4301
- (3) Weld-on threaded pipe adaptor DN 50, DIN 11851, 1.4301 (matching part for process connection 607)
- (4) Tee DIN 11852, short, DN50, 1.4301 (to be provided by the plant operator; **not** supplied by the device manufacturer)



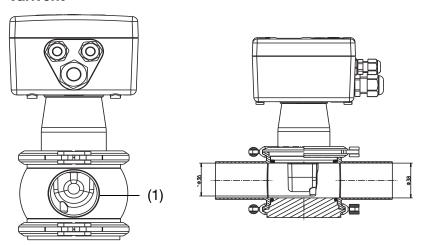
- (1) Process connection 607, screwed pipe fitting DN 50, DIN 11851 (MK DN 50, milk cone), 1.4301
- (2) Tee DIN 11852, SSS DN50, 1.4301, Dim. B shortened to 30 mm (to be provided by the plant operator; **not** supplied by the device manufacturer)
- (3) Weld-on threaded pipe adaptor DN 50, DIN 11851, 1.4301 (matching part for process connection 607)
- (4) Flow direction

Clamp



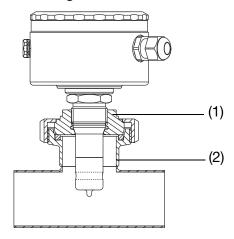
- (1) Process connection 617, Clamp 2 1/2", PEEK
- (2) Clamping ring, 1.4301,
- (3) Tee, short, 2.5" 2" similar to DIN 11852, and 2" clamp adapter, 1.430 (to be provided by the plant operator; **not** supplied by the device manufacturer)

Varivent®



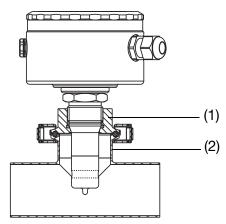
(1) Tee, VARIVENT®, DN 50, 1.4404 (to be provided by the plant operator; **not** supplied by the device manufacturer)

Pressing screw G 1 A to threaded pipe adapter DN 50



- (1) Process connection adapter Pressing screw G 1 A to threaded pipe adapter DN 50, DIN 11851
- (2) Tee DIN, short, SSS DN 65/50, 1.4301 (to be provided by the plant operator; **not** supplied by the device manufacturer)

Pressing screw G 1 A to Clamp 1" and 1.5"



- (1) Process connection adapter Pressing screw G 1 A to Clamp 1" and 1.5"
- (2) Tee DIN, short, SSS DN 65/50, 1.4301 (to be provided by the plant operator; **not** supplied by the device manufacturer)

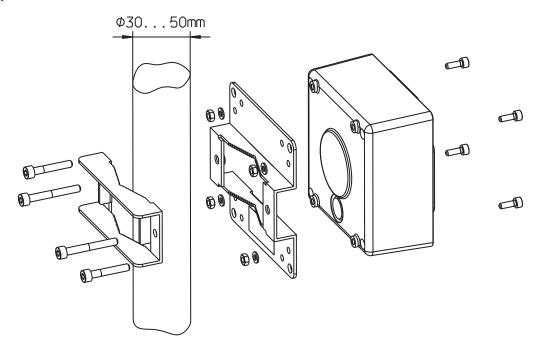
6.4.1 Pipe-mounting kit



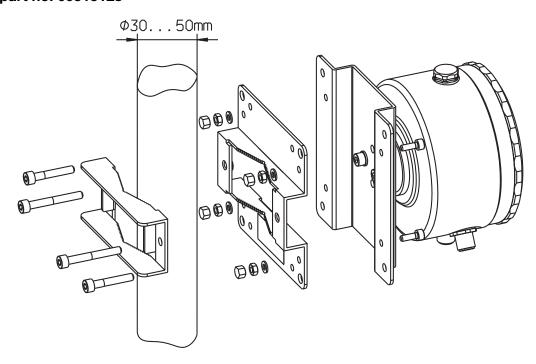
NOTE!

The pipe-mounting kit is also suitable for horizontal pipes.

for type 202756, part no. 00515128



for type 202756, part no. 00515128





ATTENTION!

The electrical connection must only be carried out by properly qualified personnel!

- The choice of cable, the installation and the electrical connection must conform to the requirements of VDE 0100 "Regulations on the Installation of Power Circuits with Nominal Voltages below 1000 V" or the appropriate local regulations.
- The electrical connection must only be carried out by qualified personnel.
- If contact with live parts is possible while working on the device, it must be completely disconnected from the electrical supply.
- The electromagnetic compatibility conforms to EN 61 326.
- Run input, output and supply cables separately and not parallel to one another.
- The device is not suitable for use in areas with an explosion hazard (Ex areas).
- Apart from faulty installation, incorrect settings on the instrument may also affect the proper functioning of the subsequent process or lead to damage.

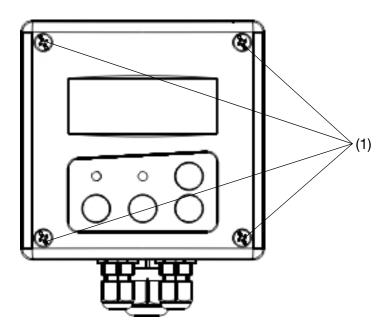
7.1 General

Opening the operating unit



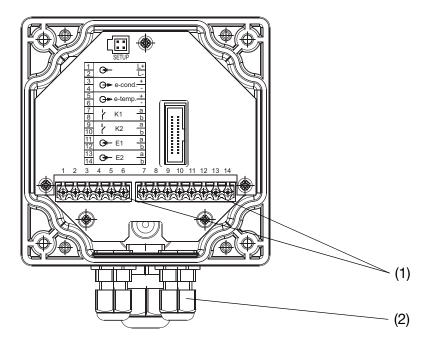
ATTENTION!

It is only necessary to open the housing for devices with cable glands. Devices with M12 plug/socket connectors should not be opened!



* Remove four screws (1) and take off the cover

Connecting up the cables





ATTENTION!

To connect the single conductors, pull off the pluggable screw terminals (1) in the operating unit.

Pass the connecting cables through the cable glands (2).

Wiring



DANGER!

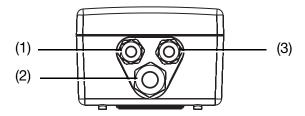
For devices with a separate sensor, the transmitter and detached sensor are matched to one another at the factory!

When connecting the components, please note that the serial number of the external sensor (marked on the label attached to the connecting cable) must match the serial number marked on the nameplate of the transmitter!

7.2 Electrical connection

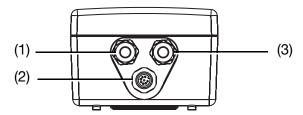
7.2.1 Transmitter with electrical connection 82 (cable glands)

Head transmitter

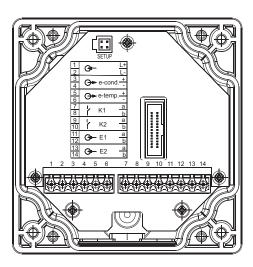


- (1) Power supply and actual value output (conductivity/concentration and temperature) M12 cable gland (PA)
- (2) Switching outputs M16 cable gland (PA)
- (3) Binary input M12 cable gland (PA)

Transmitter with separate sensor



- (1) Power supply and actual value output (conductivity/concentration and temperature) M12 cable gland (PA)
- (2) Separate sensor M12 flush-type connector
- (3) Binary input and switching outputs M12 cable gland (PA)



	Tern	ninal assignment	Symbol
Supply			
Supply	1	L+	L+ L- Q Q
(with reverse-polarity protection)	2	L-	1 2

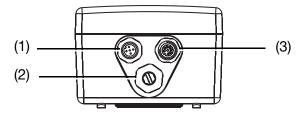
Outputs			
Analog signal output: conductivity/concentration (electrically isolated)	3	+	3 4
Analog signal output: temperature (electrically isolated)	5 6	+	5 6

	Terminal assignment	Symbol
Foto-MOS-Relay K1 (floating, no)	7 8	
Foto-MOS-Relay K2 (floating, no)	9	######################################

Binary inputs		
Binary input E1	11	11 12
	12	
Binary input E2	13	13 14 0 0
	14	

7.2.2 Transmitter with electrical connection 83 (M12 plug-and-socket connection)

Head transmitter



(1) Connector I

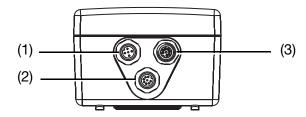
Power supply and actual value output for conductivity/concentration M12 flush-type connector, 5-pin

(2) Blanking plug

(3) Connector II

Actual value output for temperature, and binary input and switching outputs M12 flush-type connector, 8-pin

Transmitter with separate sensor



(1) Connector I

Power supply and actual value output for conductivity/concentration M12 flush-type connector, 5-pin

(2) Connector III

Inductive conductivity sensor M12 flush-type connector, 8-pin

(3) Connector II

Actual value output for temperature, and binary input and switching outputs M12 flush-type connector, 8-pin



ATTENTION!

In devices with a separate sensor and M12 plug / socket connectors, the screw terminals in the device are painted over.

Removing this paint voids the warranty!

Supply	Connector	Assignment	Symbol
Supply	I	L+	L+ L- Q Q
(with reverse-polarity protection)		L-	
			1 2

Outputs		
Analog signal output: conductivity/concentration (electrically isolated)	I	3 4
Analog signal output: temperature (electrically isolated)	II	1 2 0
Switching output K1 (floating)	II	
Switching output K2 (floating)	II	######################################

7 Installation

Binary inputs		
Binary input E1	I	7 I 5 9 I 9
	II	Conn. II
Binary input E2	I	8 5 Q Q
	II	Conn. II



DANGER!

The ground connector at the case must be connected with the functional earth (EN 60445).

A steel piping must be connected with functional earth (EN 60445)!

8 Setup program

8.1 Function

Configurable parameters

The setup program, which is available as an option, can be used for easy adaptation of the transmitter to specific requirements.

- Setting the measurement range and the range limits.
- Setting the response of the output to an out-of-range signal.
- Setting the functions of the switched outputs K1 and K2.
- Setting the functions of the binary inputs E1 and E2.
- Setting up special functions (e.g. the dilution function).
- Setting up a customer-specific characteristic, etc.



NOTE!

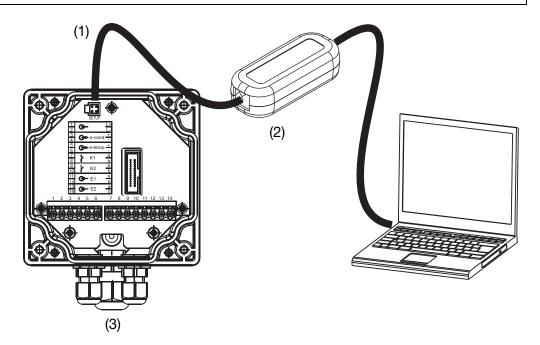
Data transmission from or to the transmitter can only take place when it is connected to the electrical supply, see Chapter 7 "Installation", page 35ff.

Connection



CAUTION!

The setup interface is not electrically isolated. When connecting the PC interface cable, it is therefore absolutely essential to ensure that either the supply of the transmitter or of the PC is **not** electrically earthed (for instance, use a battery-powered notebook).



- (1) Plug-on adapter (included in Setup-Set)
- (2) PC interface cable with USB, part no. 00456352
- (3) Supply



CAUTION!

The transmitter has been tested in the factory for fault-free functioning, and is delivered ready for operation.

9.1 Head-mounted transmitter or transmitter with separate sensor

- **★** Mounting the instrument, see "Installation", page 19.
- * Connecting the instrument, see "Installation", page 35.



DANGER!

For devices with a separate sensor, the transmitter and detached sensor are matched to one another at the factory!

When connecting the components, please note that the serial number of the external sensor (marked on the label attached to the connecting cable) must match the serial number marked on the nameplate of the transmitter!

9.2 Replacement sensor

- * Connect up the sensor as described in the operating instructions for the replacement sensor.
- * Calibrate the sensor as described in the operating instructions for the replacement sensor.

10.1 Controls

Device without LC display



Device with LC display



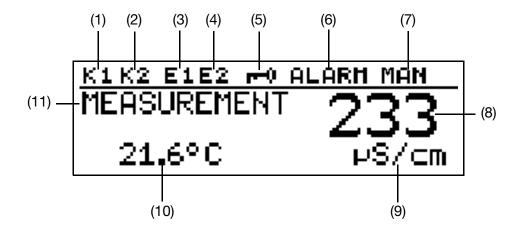
- (1) Grafik LC display, back-lit
- (2) (PGM) key, confirm entries/select menu
- (3) EXIT key, cancel entry without saving/cancel calibration go back one menu level
- (4) key, increase value/step on in selection
- (5) \(\bigve{\bigve{V}} \) key, reduce value/step on in selection
- (6) LEDs K1 and K2 show the states of the switched outputs. In normal operation, the LED lights up if the corresponding output is active.

If the pulse function is active, the LED only indicates the status.

The K1 LED blinks during calibration.

In fault condition, the LED K1 and LED K2 blink.

LC display

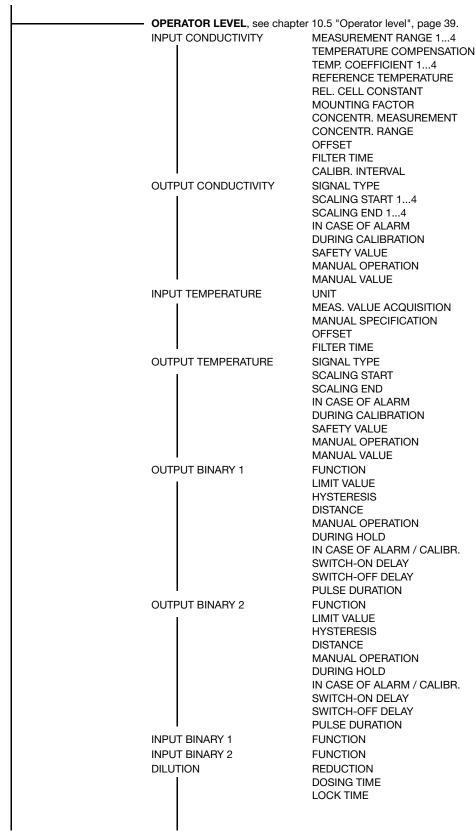


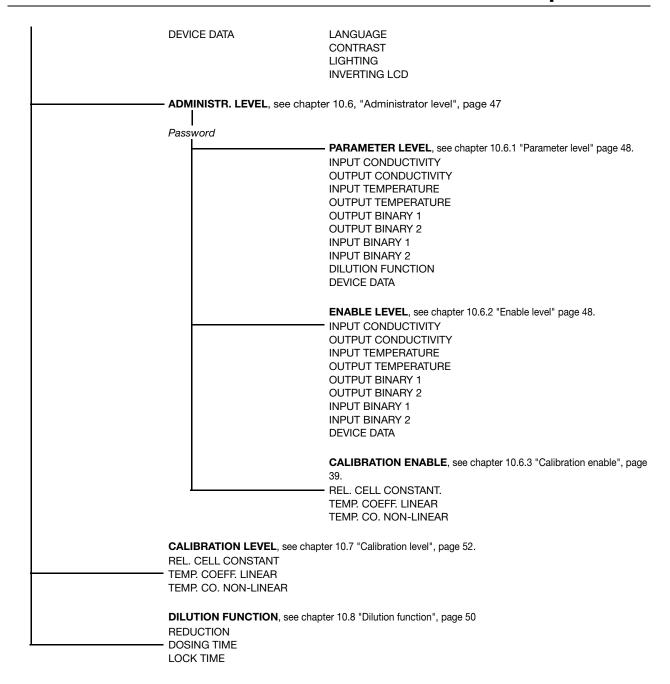
- (1) Output K1 is activ
- (2) Output K2 is activ
- (3) Binary input 1 is activated
- (4) Binary input 2 is activated
- (5) Keypad is inhibited
- (6) Device status (indications)
 - Alarm (e.g. overrange)
 - Calib blinking (calibration timer has run down)
 - Calib (customer calibration is active)
- (7) Output mode
 - Hand (manual operation)
 - Hold (hold operation)
- (8) Conductivity/concentration measurement
- (9) Unit for conductivity/concentration measurement
- (10) Temperature of the medium
- (11) Device status e.g.
 - Measurement (normal)
 - Dilution (dilution function)
 - Dosing (dilution function)
 - Inhibited (dilution function)
 - · Calibration status

10.2 Principle of operation

10.2.1 Operation in levels

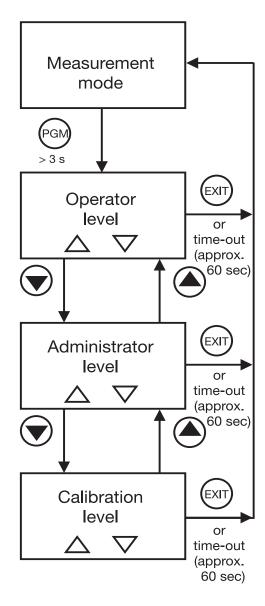
Measurement mode, see Chapter 10.4 "Principle of operation" page 39





10.3 Principle of operation

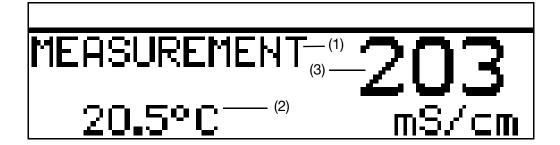
Operation in levels



10.4 Measurement mode

Representation

In measurement mode, the conductivity is shown (compensated for the reference temperature) or the concentration and temperature of the medium being measured.

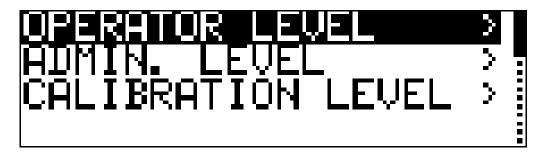


- (1) MEASUREMENT -> Measurement mode
- (2) 20.5°C -> Temperature of the sample medium
- (3) 203 mS/cm -> Conductivity of the medium (compensated for the reference/comparison temperature usually 25°C)

10.5 Operator level

All the parameters that have been enabled by the administrator (administrator level) can be edited in this level. All other parameters (marked by a key \mathbf{T}) can only be read.

- **★** Press the key for at least 3 seconds.
- * Select OPERATOR LEVEL.



10.5.1 CONDUCTIVITY IN (conductivity input)

RANGE 1 - 4¹

- $0 500 \, \mu \text{S/cm}$
- $0 1000 \, \mu S/cm$
- $0 2000 \,\mu\text{S/cm}$
- $0 5000 \, \mu S/cm$
- $0-10\,\mathrm{mS/cm}$
- $0-20\,\mathrm{mS/cm}$
- $0 50 \, \text{mS/cm}$
- 0 100 mS/cm
- 0-200 mS/cm
- 0-500 mS/cm
- 0 1000 mS/cm
- $0 2000 \, \text{mS/cm} \, \text{UNC}^2$
- Measurement ranges 2, 3 and 4 are only used if BINARY INPUT is configured to RANGE/TEMPCO.
- This measurement range is not temperature-compensated.

TEMP. COMPENSATION

LINEAR

NON-LINEAR (see "Non-linear temperature coefficient (ALPHA)", page 69) NATURAL WATER (permissible temperature range 0 to 36 °C as per EN 27 888)

TEMP. COEFFICIENT $1-4^{1}$

$$0 - 2.20 - 5.5 \%$$

Ranges 2, 3 and 4 are only used if BINARY INPUT is configured to RANGE/TEMPCO.

REFERENCE TEMP.

15.0 to 25.0 to 30 °C

CELL CONSTANT

2.00 to 6.80 to 10.0 1/cm

A check or alteration is only necessary, if a replacement sensor (basic type extension 80) has been connected to the transmitter with separate sensor. The cell constant is printed on the replacement sensor (K = x,xx).

REL. CELL CONSTANT

MOUNTING FACTOR

If it is not possible to achieve the minimum clearance of 20 mm between the sensor and the outer wall, then a limited compensation can be made through this parameter.

CONC. MEAS. TYPE

NO FUNCTION

NaOH

HNO3

CUSTOMIZED (values can only be entered by using the optional

setup program)

CONC. MEAS. RANGE

For HNO₃

0 - 25 % BY WEIGHT 36 - 82 % BY WEIGHT

For NaOH

0 - 15 % BY WEIGHT 25 - 50 % BY WEIGHT

OFFSET

-100 to 0 to +100 mS/cm (±10 % of range)

FILTER TIME

00:00:00 - 00:00:01 - 00:00:25 H:M:S

CALIB. INTERVAL

0-999 DAYS (0 = switched off)

10.5.2 CONDUCTIVITY OUT (conductivity output)

SIGNAL TYPE

0 - 20 mA 4 - 20 mA

 $20 - 0 \, \text{mA}$

 $20 - 4 \, \text{mA}$

0 - 10 V

2 - 10 V

10 - 0 V

10 - 2 V

SCALING START $1 - 4^1$

$0 \mu S/cm = 4 mA$

Can be set in the range being used, depending on the signal type.

Ranges 2, 3 and 4 are only used if BINARY INPUT is configured to RANGE/TEMPCO.

SCALING END $1 - 4^1$

$1000 \mu S/cm = 20 mA$

Can be set in the range being used, depending on the signal type.

Ranges 2, 3 and 4 are only used if BINARY INPUT is configured to RANGE/TEMPCO.

DURING ALARM

LOW (0 mA/0 V/3.4 mA/1.4 V)

HIGH (22 mA/10.7 V)

SAFE VALUE (depending on the signal type)

DURING CALIBRATION

MOVING

FROZEN

SAFE VALUE

SAFE VALUE

$$0.0 - 4.0 - 22.0$$
 mA (depending on the signal type)

0 - 10.7 V

MANUAL MODE

OFF

ON

MAN. VALUE

$$0.0 - 4.0 - 22.0$$
 mA (depending on the signal type)

0 - 10.7 V

10.5.3 TEMPERATURE IN

DIMENS. UNIT

°C °F

MEAS. MODE

SENSOR MANUAL

MANUAL VALUE

-20.0 to 25.0 to 150 °C

OFFSET

-15.0 to **0.0** to 15.0 °C

FILTER TIME

00:00:00 - 00:00:01 - 00:00:25 H:M:S

10.5.4 TEMPERATURE OUT

SIGNAL TYPE

0 - 20 mA 4 - 20 mA 20 - 0 mA 20 - 4 mA 0 - 10 V 2 - 10 V

10 - 0 V10 - 2 V

SCALING START

-20.0 °C = 4 mA (depending on the signal type)

SCALING END

+200.0 °C = 20 mA (depending on the signal type)

DURING ALARM

LOW (0 mA/0 V/3.4 mA/1.4 V)

HIGH (22 mA/10.7 V)

SAFE VALUE (depending on the signal type)

DURING CALIBRATION

MOVING

FROZEN SAFE VALUE

SAFE VALUE

 $0.0-4.0-22.0~\mathrm{mA}$ (depending on the signal type) $0-10.7~\mathrm{V}$

MANUAL MODE

OFF ON

MAN. VALUE

0.0 - 4.0 - 22.0 mA (depending on the signal type) 0 - 10.7 V

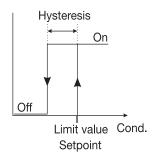
10.5.5 BINARY OUTPUT 1 and BINARY OUTPUT 2

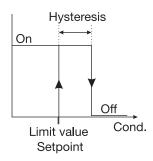
FUNCTION

NO FUNCTION

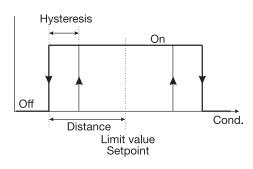
MIN. CONDUCT.
MAX. CONDUCT.
LK1 CONDUCT.
LK2 CONDUCT.
MIN. TEMP.
MAX. TEMP.
LK1 TEMP.
LK2 TEMP.

CALIB. TIMER ALARM

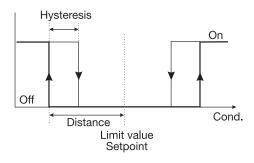




MAX limit comparator

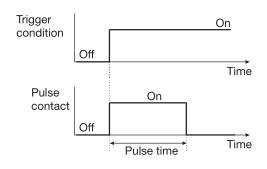


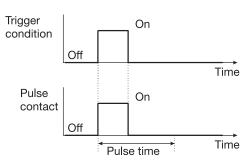
MIN limit comparator



LK1 alarm window

LK2 alarm window





Pulse contact Trigger condition longer than pulse duration Pulse contact Trigger condition shorter than pulse duration

LIMIT

-20.0 - 999.0 (depending on the function, see above)

HYSTERESIS

0.0 - 1.0 - 999.0 (depending on the function, see above)

SPACING

0.0 - 999.0 (depending on the function, see above)

MANUAL MODE

OFF

ON

FOR HOLD

INACTIVE

ACTIVE FROZEN

FOR ALARM / CALIB.

INACTIVE

ACTIVE FROZEN

ON-DELAY

00:00:00 — 01:00:00 H:M:S

OFF-DELAY

00:00:00 - 01:00:00 H:M:S

PULSE DURATION

00:00:00 — 01:00:00 H:M:S (see above: "Function, Pulse contact")

10.5.6 BINARY INPUT 1 and BINARY INPUT 2

FUNCTION

NO FUNCTION HOLD/LOCK KEY RANGE/TEMPCO. DILUTION

Setting parameters		Binary input 1	Binary input 2
Range/temperature	Range1/TC1	open	open
coefficient changeover	Range2/TC2	closed	open
	Range3/TC3	open	closed
	Range4/TC4	closed	closed
Key inhibit		closed	Х
Hold function		Х	closed
Start dilution function		close (0 -1 edge)	open
Stop dilution function		open	close (0 -1 edge)

10.5.7 DILUTION

(description: see "Dilution function", page 60)

REDUCE

0 - 10 - 50 %

DOSING TIME

0:00:00 - 00:01:00 - 18:00:00 H:M:S

LOCK TIME

0:00:00 - 00:01:00 - 18:00:00 H:M:S

10.5.8 INSTRUMENT DATA

LANGUAGE

GERMAN

ENGLISH

FRENCH

SPANISH

POLISH

SWEDISH

ITALIAN

PORTUGUESE

DUTCH

RUSSIAN



NOTE!

Entering the password 7485 in the administrator level will reset the operating language to English.

CONTRAST

0 - 6 - 11

LIGHTING

OFF

ON

IF OPERATED

(approx. 50 sec after the last key operation:

the lighting will be switched off)

LCD INVERSE

OFF

ON

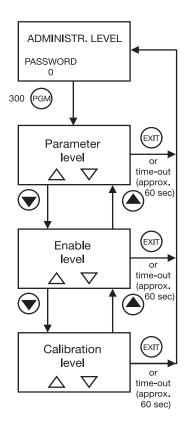
10.6 Administrator level

- All parameters can be edited (altered) in this level.
- In this level, you can also define which parameters can be edited (altered) by a "normal" user, and/or which calibration actions are permitted. Editable parameters can be edited in the operator level. Non-editable parameters are marked in the operator level by a key symbol 🔽

You can access the administrator level as follows:

- **★** Press the key for at least 3 seconds.
- **★** Use the **V** or **A** key to select ADMINISTRATOR LEVEL.
- **★** Use **v** or **l** to enter the password 300.
- * Press the RM key.

Levels within the administrator level



10.6.1 Parameter level

The administrator can edit all parameters for the operator level in this level. The structure "Parameter level" within the administrator level is identical to the operator level, see "Operator level", page 49 and the following.

10.6.2 Enable level

In this level, the administrator can define which parameters can be altered or edited by the operator in the operator level.

The available options are READ ONLY and EDIT.

The structure "Parameter level" within the administrator level is identical to the operator level, see "Operator level", page 49 and the following.

10.6.3 Calibration enable (CALIB. ENABLE)

In this level, the administrator can define whether the operator can calibrate or alter

- the relative cell constant
- the linear temperature coefficient
- the non-linear temperature coefficient.

10.7 Calibration level

All the calibrations that have been enabled by the administrator (administrator level) can be carried out in this level.

- **★** Press the key for at least 3 seconds.
- **★** Use the **V** or **A** key to select CALIBRATION LEVEL.

10.7.1 REL. CELL CONSTANT (relative cell constant)

If this function has been enabled by the administrator, then the operator can calibrate the relative cell constant of the device here; see "Calibrating the relative cell constant", page 64.

10.7.2 TEMPCO LINEAR (linear temperature coefficient)

If this function has been enabled by the administrator, then the operator can calibrate the device for liquids with a linear temperature coefficient; see "Linear temperature coefficient (ALPHA)", page 66.

10.7.3 TEMPCOMP NON-LIN. (non-linear temperature coefficient)

If this function has been enabled by the administrator, then the operator can calibrate the device for liquids with a non-linear temperature coefficient; see "Non-linear temperature coefficient (ALPHA)", page 69.

10.8 Dilution function

Brief description

For cooling water, the conductivity is used to deduce the total salt content. If a conductivity limit is reached (at the maximum permissible salt content/concentration), then the cooling water must be diluted. A dilution valve is opened, the concentrated water flows out, and is replaced by fresh water. When the conductivity of the cooling water has fallen below the limit, the dilution valve is closed again.

Addition of biocide

A biocide is added to the cooling water, to prevent biological growth in the cooling system. There is no ideal setting for the amount used and the timing of the biocide dosing. In most cases, the dosing time is used as the controlled variable. The dosing quantity is therefore defined by the pumping rate and duration (system-specific). The success of the biocide treatment must be checked at regular intervals.

Dilution before biocide addition

If a biocide that increases conductivity is added to the cooling water, this could increase the conductivity to beyond the limit. This would cause the dilution valve to be opened, and a portion of the added biocide would be discharged into the waste water (possibly contravening regulations!).

To prevent this, the conductivity in the cooling system is reduced by dilution to, for example, 10 % below the limit, before the biocide is added. The dilution valve is then temporarily blocked.

Dilution inhibit

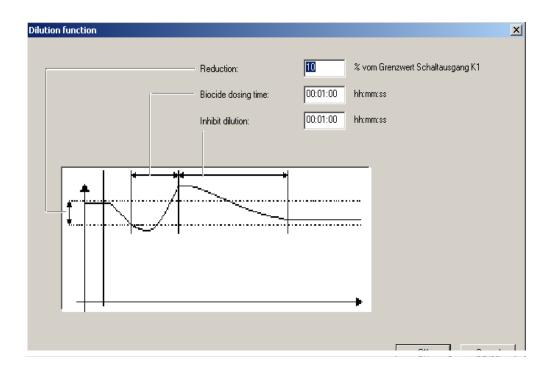
After adding the biocide, the dilution should be inhibited for a while, until the biocide that is present in the cooling system is mostly decomposed (observe the statutory regulations!).

Implementation with the device

- The dilution function is only available in the "Conductivity measurement" mode not for concentration measurement.
- When the dilution function is activated, all the parameters that are irrelevant for this function are switched off.
- The dilution function can be started through binary input 1 and stopped through binary input 2, see "BINARY INPUT 1 and BINARY INPUT 2", page 56.

The dilution function can also be stopped by using the [strip] key.

- The present status of the dilution function will be shown in the display.
- The dilution valve is controlled by output K1.
- The addition of biocide valve is controlled by output K2.
- After dilution, K1 goes to the configured hold state (dilution inhibit).
- The dilution factor can be adjusted through binary input 1 over a range
 1 50 % below the limit value. The preset value is 10 % below the limit.



10.8.1 Stop dilution

All the parameters are system-dependent, and must be adjusted to suit system requirements.

- **★** Press the RM key for at least 3 seconds.
- **★** Use the or key to select OPERATOR LEVEL; use the key to confirm the selection.



★ Use the or key to select BINARY INPUT; use the key to confirm the selection.



★ Use the or key to select DILUTION; use the key to confirm the selection.



- ★ Change to the operator level, using the key.
- **★** Use the **V** key to select DILUTION.



* Confirm the selection with the key.



- ***** Use the \bigcirc or \bigcirc key to set the dilution factor in the range from 1-10-50 % below the limit value.
- * Confirm the selection with the key.
- **★** Use the or key to select DOSING TIME; use the key to confirm the selection.



- **★** Set the dosing time with the and keys in the range from 0:00:00 **00:01:00** 18:00:00 H:M:S.
- * Confirm the setting with the key.
- **★** Use the or key to select LOCK TIME; use the key to confirm the selection.



- **★** Set the lock time with the or key in the range from 0:00:00 **00:01:00** 18:00:00 H:M:S.
- * Confirm the setting with the key.



NOTE!

If there is an interruption in the supply voltage during dilution, the function will be canceled.

The dilution function will have to be restarted if it is to be continued.

11.1 General

The device offers various calibration options to increase the precision.



NOTE!

The conductivity sensor should be cleaned and calibrated at regular intervals, depending on the medium being measured.

The K1 LED blinks during calibration.

11.2 Calibrating the relative cell constant

In order to meet enhanced demands for precision, the cell constant must first be calibrated.

Requirements

- The supply voltage for the device must be present, see Chapter 7 "Installation", page 35ff.
- The sensor must be connected to the transmitter (applies to the split version).
- The transmitter is in the measurement mode.



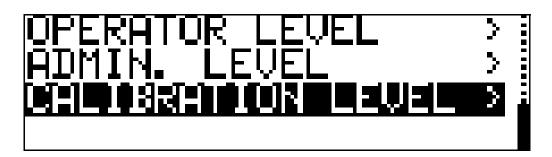
* Immerse the conductivity sensor in a reference solution with a known conductivity.



CAUTION!

The temperature of the sample solution must remain constant during calibration!

- **★** Press the key for at least 3 seconds.
- **★** Use the or key to select CALIBRATION LEVEL; use the key to confirm the selection.



★ Use the or key to select REL. CELL CONSTANT; use the ew to confirm the selection.



- **★** When the measurement is stable, press the key.
- **★** Use the or key to correct the indicated uncompensated conductivity to match the known value for the reference solution.
- ★ Press Post.
 The relative cell constant calculated by the device will be displayed.



* To accept the relative cell constant that has been determined -> press the key for at least 3 seconds or to reject the value -> press the key.

The transmitter is in the calibration menu.

★ Press the [st] key; The transmitter is now in the measurement mode, and shows the compensated conductivity of the reference solution.

11.3 Calibrating the temp. coefficient of the sample solution

11.3.1 Linear temperature coefficient (ALPHA)

The conductivity of any sample solution will change according to its individual temperature coefficient.

We therefore recommend carrying out a calibration of the temperature coefficient.

Requirements

- The supply voltage for the device must be present, see Chapter 7 "Installation", page 35ff.
- The sensor must be connected to the transmitter (applies to the split version).
- The transmitter is in the measurement mode.



- Immerse the conductivity sensor in a sample of the solution to be measured.
- **★** Press the RM key for at least 3 seconds.
- **★** Use the or key to select CALIBRATION LEVEL; use the key to confirm the selection.



★ Use the or key to select TEMPCO LINEAR; use the key to confirm the selection.

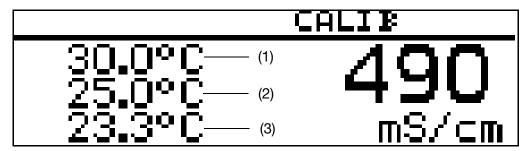


★ Use the or key to enter the working temperature; confirm with the key.



NOTE!

The working temperature must be at least 5 °C above or below the reference temperature (25.0 °C).



The LC display now shows

- (1) selected working temperature (blinking)
- (2) reference temperature (blinking)
- (3) present sensor temperature (steady)
- * Warm up the sample medium until both the reference and the working temperatures have been reached (the corresponding values no longer blink).



CAUTION!

During calibration, the rate of change of temperature for the sample solution must not exceed

10 °C/min for a device with exposed temperature sensor, or

1 °C/min for a device with an internal temperature sensor.

As soon as one of the target temperatures has been reached, its display becomes static (no longer blinking).



NOTE!

Calibration can also be carried out through a cooling procedure (falling temperature). In this case, it starts above the working temperature and finishes below the reference temperature.

TC LINEAR 2.51 29.2°C %/°C

The LC display now shows the derived temperature coefficient in %/°C.

To accept the temperature coefficient that has been determined -> press the key for at least 3 seconds or to reject the value -> press the xey.

The transmitter is in the calibration menu.

★ Press the [str] key. The transmitter is now in the measurement mode, and shows the compensated conductivity of the reference solution.

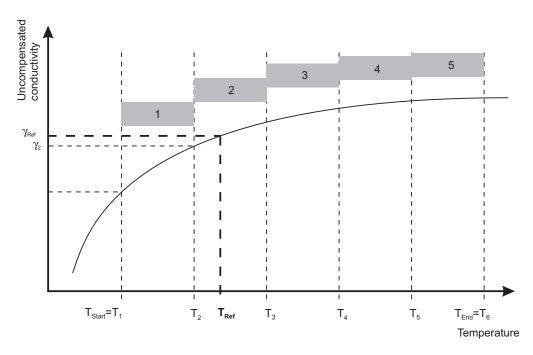
11.3.2 Non-linear temperature coefficient (ALPHA)

General

Since the temperature coefficient of some media is not constant over a sizeable temperature range, the device provides the option of subdividing a temperature range (T_{Start} to T_{End}) into 5 sections. A different TC value can be used for compensation in each of these range sections. This "TC curve" can be

- · edited with the setup program and transmitted to the device.
- or calibration can be performed automatically on the device.

Determining the TC curve



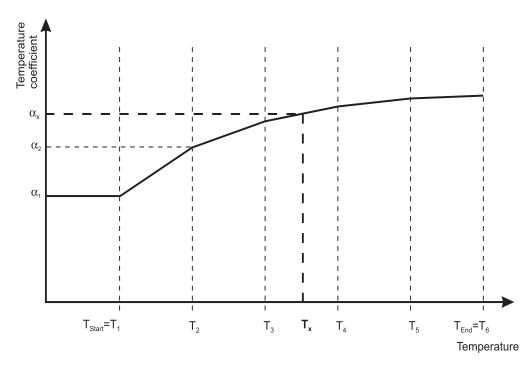
Calculation of a temperature coefficient

$$\alpha_1 = \frac{\left(\frac{\gamma_1}{\gamma_{Ref}} - 1\right) \times 100}{T_1 - T_{Ref}}$$

- α temperature coefficient (TC)
- γ uncompensated conductivity

11 Calibration

TC curve



Temperature compensation with the TC curve

The present temperature of the medium is applied to the TC curve to determine the corresponding temperature coefficient, see "TC curve", page 70.

Intermediate values, e.g. $(\alpha_x$ at $T_x)$ between two known values $(\alpha_3$ at $T_3)$ and $(\alpha_4$ at $T_4)$ are derived through a linear interpolation.

The derived TC is used to calculate the compensated conductivity, in the same way as with the linear compensation.



NOTE!

If the measured temperature is lower than the start temperature, the first TC is used for compensation.

If the measured temperature is higher than the end temperature, the last TC is used for compensation.

$$\gamma_{\text{(Comp)}} = \frac{\gamma_{\text{(Meas)}}}{\left(1 + \frac{\alpha_{x}}{100} * (T_{x} - T_{\text{Ref}})\right)}$$

Sequence for automatic calibration

The TC curve is automatically recorded over a temperature range that has been defined by the user. The temperature range between the start and end temperatures is subdivided into 5 sections of equal size.

The temperature range must be larger than 20 °C, and cover the reference temperature.

Example: Reference temperature 25 °C, start temperature 18 °C and end temperature 50 °C.



NOTE!

The rate of change of the temperature must not exceed

- 10 °C/min for an exposed temperature sensor, and
- 1 °C/min for an internal temperature sensor.

Requirements

- The supply voltage for the device must be present, see Chapter 7 "Installation", page 35ff.
- The sensor must be connected to the transmitter (for the split version).
- The transmitter is in the measurement mode.



- * Immerse the conductivity sensor in a sample of the solution to be measured.
- **★** Press the Rew key for at least 3 seconds.
- **★** Use the or key to select CALIBRATION LEVEL; use the key to confirm the selection.



★ Use the or key to select TEMPCOMP NON-LIN.; use the key to confirm the selection.



★ Use the or key to enter the start temperature; confirm with the key.





NOTE!

The start temperature must be lower than the reference temperature $(25.0 \, ^{\circ}\text{C})$.

★ Use the or key to enter the end temperature; confirm with the key.



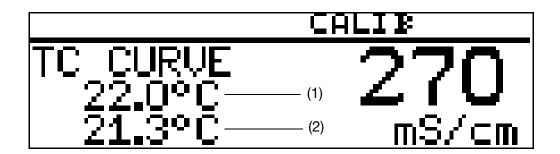


NOTE!

The end temperature must be at least 20°C above the start temperature.

The transmitter will define the fixed temperature points itself. The LC display now shows

- at top (1): the next target temperature (blinking)
- below (2): the present sensor temperature (steady)



* Warm up the sample medium until is it above/below the temperature that is blinking.

The next target measured temperature is displayed as blinking.



CAUTION!

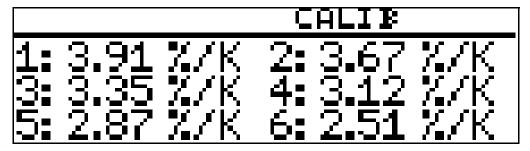
During calibration, the rate of change of temperature for the sample solution must not exceed

10 °C/min for a device with exposed temperature sensor, or

1 °C/min for a device with an internal temperature sensor.

As soon as one of the target temperatures has been reached, its display becomes static (no longer blinking).

- * Warm up the sample medium until is it above the temperature that is blinking.
- * Repeat the procedure as often as required, until the device has determined all 6 temperature coefficients.



The LC display now shows the derived temperature coefficients in %/°C.

* To accept the temperature coefficients that have been determined -> press the key for at least 3 seconds or to reject the values -> press the key.

The transmitter is in the calibration menu.

★ Press the [BIT] key. The transmitter is now in the measurement mode, and shows the compensated conductivity of the reference solution.

12 Maintenance

12.1 Cleaning the conductivity sensor



CAUTION!

Do not use solvents.

Hard-to-remove crusts and deposits can be softened and removed with dilute hydrochloric acid.

Observe the safety regulations!

Deposits

Deposits on the sensor section can be removed with a soft brush (e.g. a bottle brush).

Possible errors

Problem	Possible cause	Measures
No measurement display or signal output	Supply voltage missing	Check supply voltage, also check terminals
Measurement display 000 or signal output 0 % (e.g. 4 mA)	Sensor not immersed in medium, reservoir level too low	Top up the reservoir
	Flow-through fitting is blocked	Clean flow-through fitting
	Sensor is faulty	see "Checking the instrument", page 76
Measurement display 8888 blinking + device status ALARM blinking.	Out of range => above or below measurement/display range	Choose suitable measurement range, or check the concentration table
The temperature display is OK or LED 1 + LED 2 blink		
Measurement display 8888 blinking + device status ALARM	The temperature sensor is faulty.	The transmitter or the conductivity sensor has to be replaced or
blinking. The temperature display shows 8888 blinking or LED 1 + LED 2 blink		set measurement acquisition "Temperature input" briefly to manual, see "TEMPERATURE IN", page 53.
Wrong or unstable measurement display	Sensor not immersed deeply enough	Top up the reservoir
	Inadequate mixing	Ensure good mixing, for sensor: make sure there is an all-round clearance of approx. 5 mm, to allow all-round flow
	Air bubbles	Check mounting site, see "General", page 19.

13.1 Checking the instrument

General

The instrument is calibrated at the factory, and is maintenance-free. If, nevertheless, measurement deviations appear with no apparent cause, the transmitter can be tested as follows.

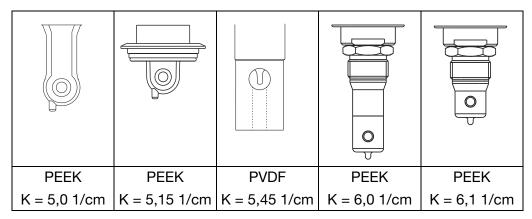
13.1.1 Resistance loop test

Cell constant



CAUTION!

The cell constant of the device is type-dependent!

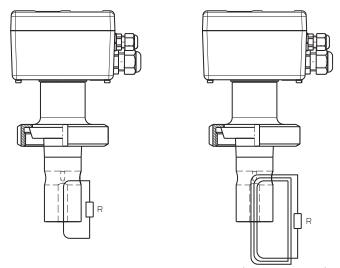


Position of resistor loop



CAUTION!

During calibration, do not touch the sensitive part of the cell or put it down on any surface, otherwise the measurement will be falsified.



* Run wire through measuring cell (see diagram)

* Connect resistor R to wire

Calculating resistance

Formula for calculating the resistance of the resistor loop:

$$R = \frac{N^2 \cdot K}{Lf}$$

R resistance of resistor loop

N number of loop windings

K cell constant

Lf required display in S/cm

Note: 1 mS/cm = 1.10-3 S/cm1 uS/cm = 1.10-6 S/cm

For display values up to 20 mS, the resistor loop must have one winding. For display values up to 50 mS, the resistor loop must have three windings.

Example 1

The device with a T-shaped PVDF measuring cell should display 20 mS:

$$R = \frac{1^2 \cdot 5.45 \text{ 1/cm}}{20 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ S/cm}} = 272.5 \Omega$$

To get a display of 20 mS/cm, the resistor loop (with 1 winding) must have a resistance of 272.5 ohm.

Example 2

The device with a T-shaped PVDF measuring cell should display 500 mS:

$$R = \frac{3^2 \cdot 5.45 \text{ 1/cm}}{500 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ S/cm}} = 98.1 \Omega$$

To get a display of 500 mS/cm, the resistor loop (with 3 windings) must have a resistance of 98.1 ohm.

Pre-calculated values

Display value 0 is obtained if the following conditions are met:

- the sensor is dry and
- the sensor does not have any conductive coatings and
- a resistor loop is not installed.

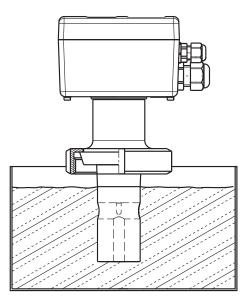
Display at measuring range end	Number of windings	Cell constant [1/cm]	Required resistance $[\Omega]$
500 μS/cm	1	5.0	10.000
1000 μS/cm			5.000
2000 μS/cm			2.500
5000 μS/cm			1.000
10 mS/cm			500
20 mS/cm			250
50 mS/cm	3		900
100 mS/cm			450
200 mS/cm			225
500 mS/cm			90
1000 mS/cm]		45
2000 mS/cm]		22,5

Running the test

- * Define the test resistance.
- * Electrically connect the device, see Chapter 7 "Installation", page 35.
- * Install resistor loop as shown in the diagram.

13.1.2 Reference liquid test

Immerse in test solution

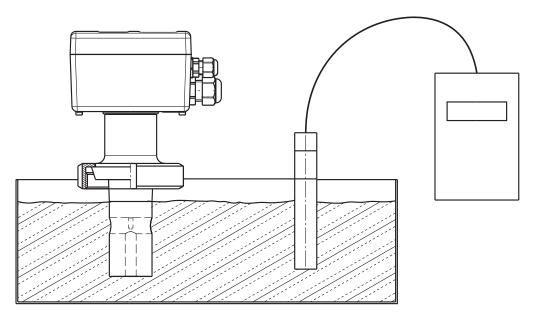


Test sequence

- * Prepare the conductivity test solution in a container of adequate size.
- * Connect up the device, see Chapter 7 "Installation", page 35.
- * Select the range appropriate to the conductivity test solution, see Chapter 10.5.1 "CONDUCTIVITY IN (conductivity input)", page 50 -> RANGE 1 4
- **★** Set TC to 0 %/°C, see Chapter 10.5.1 "CONDUCTIVITY IN (conductivity input)", page 50 -> TEMPCO.
- * Immerse the cell in the container, and do not move it any more during the measurement.

13.1.3 Reference measuring instrument test

Immerse in test solution



Test sequence

- * Prepare the conductivity test solution in a container of adequate size.
- * Connect up the device, see Chapter 7 "Installation", page 35.
- **★** Select the range appropriate to the conductivity test solution, see Chapter 10.5.1 "CONDUCTIVITY IN (conductivity input)", page 50 -> RANGE 1 4
- **★** Set TC to 0%/°C, see Chapter 10.5.1 "CONDUCTIVITY IN (conductivity input)", page 50 -> TEMPCO.
- * Set the TC for the reference instrument to 0 %/°C as well (see operating instructions for the reference instrument). If this is not possible, then the sample liquid must be tempered to the reference temperature for the reference instrument.
- * Immerse the cell under test and the cell for the reference instrument in the container, and do not move them any more during the measurement.
- * The output and display of the device under test or the attached display unit must match the indication of the attached reference instrument, taking into account acceptable device deviations.

14.1 Before configuration

If a number of instrument parameters have to be modified in the instrument, then it is advisable to note them in the table below, and then modify these parameters in the sequence given.



NOTE!

The following list shows the maximum number of parameters that can be altered.

Depending on the configuration, some of the parameters will not be alterable (editable) for your instrument.

Parameter	Selection/value range Factory setting	New setting	see page
Conductivity input	in dottery dotting		
Range 1 — 4	0 — 500 μS/cm 0 — 1000 μS/cm 0 — 2000 μS/cm 0 — 5000 μS/cm 0 — 10 mS/cm 0 — 20 mS/cm 0 — 50 mS/cm 0 — 100 mS/cm 0 — 200 mS/cm 0 — 200 mS/cm 0 — 200 mS/cm 0 — 500 mS/cm 0 — 2000 mS/cm 0 — 2000 mS/cm		50
Temperature	linear		50
compensation	non-linear natural water		
Temperature coeff. 1 — 4	0 to 2.20 to 5.5 %/°C		50
Reference temperature	15.0 to 25.0 to 30 °C		50
Cell constant	2.00 - 6.80 - 10.00 1/cm		50
Relative cell constant	80.0 — 100.0 — 120.0 %		50
Mounting factor	80.0 — 100.0 — 120.0 %		50
Concentration measu- rement	no function NaOH HNO ₃ customer-specific		51
Offset	-200 to 0 to +200 mS/cm		51
Filter time	00:00:01 — 00:00:25 H:M:S		51
Calibration interval	0 — 999 days		51

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Parameter	rameter Selection/value range Factory setting		see page	
Conductivity output				
Signal type	0 - 20 mA 4 - 20 mA 20 - 0 mA 20 - 4 mA 0 - 10 V 2 - 10 V 10 - 0 V 10 - 2 V		52	
Scaling start	0 — 90 % = 4 mA (e.g.) of range span		52	
Scaling end	100 — 10 % = 20 mA (e.g.) of range span		52	
During alarm	low high safe value		52	
During calibration	moving frozen safe value		52	
Safe value	0.0 – 4.0 – 22.0 mA		52	
Manual mode	off on		52	
Manual value	0.0 — 4.0 — 22.0 mA		52	
Temperature input				
Unit	°C °F		53	
Measurement acquisition	sensor manual		53	
Manual value	-20.0 to 25 to 150 °C		53	
Offset	-15.0 to 0.0 to +15 °C		53	
Filter time	00:00:00 — 00:00:01 — 00:00:25 H:M:S		53	
Temperature output				
Signal type	0 - 20 mA 4 - 20 mA 20 - 0 mA 20 - 4 mA 0 - 10 V 2 - 10 V 10 - 0 V 10 - 2 V		53	
Scaling start	-20 to 0.0 to 183 °C = 4 mA (0 — 90 % of range span)		53	
Scaling end	-3 to 150 to 200 °C = 20 mA (100 — 10 % of range span)		53	

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low high safe value moving frozen safe value	-	52
moving frozen safe value		
frozen safe value		52
safe value		52
0.0 - 4.0 - 22.0 mA		53
		52
		02
		52
-		54
		04
_		
_		
•		
•		
calibration timer		
alarm		
-20.0 — 9999.0		55
0.0 – 1.0 – 999.0		55
0.0 — 999.0		55
off		55
on		
inactive		55
active		
frozen		
inactive		55
active		
frozen		
00:00:00 — 01:00:00 H:M:S		55
00:00:00 — 01:00:00 H:M:S		55
00:00:00 — 01:00:00 H:M:S		55
no function		56
key lock / hold		
meas. range / temperature		
coefficient		
dilution function		
0 - 10 - 50 %		56
00:00:00 — 00:01:00 — 18:00:00 H:M:S		56
	off on 0.0 — 4.0 — 22.0 mA off on 0.0 — 4.0 — 22.0 mA y output 2 no function conductivity MIN contact conductivity LK1 conductivity LK2 temperature MIN contact temperature LK2 temperature LK2 calibration timer alarm -20.0 — 9999.0 0.0 — 1.0 — 999.0 0.0 — 9999.0 off on inactive active frozen inactive active frozen 00:00:00 — 01:00:00 H:M:S 00:00:00 — 01:00:00 H:M:S no function key lock / hold meas. range / temperature coefficient dilution function 0 — 10 — 50 % 00:00:00 — 00:01:00 — 18:00:00	0.0 - 4.0 - 22.0 mA off on 0.0 - 4.0 - 22.0 mA youtput 2 no function conductivity MIN contact conductivity LK1 conductivity LK2 temperature MIN contact temperature LK1 temperature LK2 calibration timer alarm -20.0 - 9999.0 0.0 - 1.0 - 999.0 0.0 - 999.0 off on inactive active frozen inactive active frozen on function key lock / hold meas. range / temperature coefficient dilution function 0 - 10 - 50 % on:00:00 - 00:01:00 - 18:00:00

14 Appendix

Parameter	Selection/value range Factory setting	New setting	see page
Lock time	00:00:00 — 00:01:00 — 18:00:00 H:M:S		56
Device data			·
Language	German English French Spanish Polish Swedish Italian Portuguese Dutch Russian		57
Contrast	0 - 6 - 11		57
Lighting	off on during operation		57
LCD inverse	off on		57

