

PI-K Programmable Isolating Resistance Transmitter.

Programmable Isolating 3 Wire Resistance Input to DC Current or DC Voltage Output Transmitter.

Features.

- Field Programmable Input and Output Ranges.
- Bi-Polar Output Ranges.
- Input to Output Isolation 1.6kV.
- High Accuracy 0.1%.
- Universal AC/DC Power Supply.
- Compact DIN Rail Mount Enclosure.
- Available Standard or Special Calibration.



Ordering Information.

PI-K-X Standard Calibration: Input 0~1k Ω ; Output 4~20mA;
High Voltage Power Supply.

PI-K - ☐ - ☐ - ☐ - Special Range Special Range Calibration.
IR OR PS

Other PI- models include:
PI-B Bridge / Strain gauge;
PI-D DC; mA, mV, V.
PI-F Frequency;
PI-K Resistance;
PI-M Maths Computing;
PI-N RTD Differential Pt100;
PI-P Potentiometer;
PI-R RTD Pt100;
PI-S Relay Dual Setpoint;
PI-T Thermocouple.

INPUT RANGES				OUTPUT RANGES			
Resistance (Ω)	IR	Resistance (Ω)	IR	Voltage	OR	Current	OR
0~10 Ω	1	0~4.7k Ω	19	0~500mV	A	0~1mA	1
0~20 Ω	2	0~5k Ω	20	0~1V	B	0~2mA	2
0~22 Ω	3	0~7.5k Ω	21	0~2V	C	0~5mA	3
0~25 Ω	4	0~10k Ω	22	0~3V	D	0~10mA	4
0~47 Ω	5	0~20k Ω	23	0~4V	E	0~16mA	5
0~50 Ω	6	10~50 Ω	24	0~5V	F	0~20mA	6
0~75 Ω	7	25~75 Ω	25	0~6V	G	1~5mA	7
0~100 Ω	8	50~100 Ω	26	0~8V	H	2~10mA	8
0~200 Ω	9	75~225 Ω	27	0~10V	I	4~20mA	9
0~220 Ω	10	150~250 Ω	28	0~12V	J	-1~1mA	10
0~250 Ω	11	250~500 Ω	29	1~5V	K	-2~2mA	11
0~470 Ω	12	500~1000 Ω	30	2~10V	L	-5~5mA	12
0~500 Ω	13	1~1.5k Ω	31	-1~1V	M	-10~10mA	13
0~750 Ω	14	2~4k Ω	32	-2~2V	N	-20~20mA	14
0~1k Ω	15	4~10k Ω	33	-5~5V	O		
0~2k Ω	16	5~15k Ω	34	-10~10V	P		
0~2.2k Ω	17	10~20k Ω	35	-12~12V	Q		
0~2.5k Ω	18	15~20k Ω	36				
Special Input Range			Z	Special Output Range			Z

POWER SUPPLY		PS
High Voltage Power Supply: 85~264Vac/dc		H
Mid Voltage Power Supply: 22~85Vac/dc		M
Low Voltage Power Supply: 10~28Vac/dc		L

Note: Power supply H is field selectable for M, and M for H. Power supply L must be ordered separately.

Ordering Examples.

- 1/ PI-K-8-1-L 0~100 Ω Input; 0~1mA Output; Low Voltage Power Supply.
2/ PI-K-Z-P-H-0/3K 0~3k Ω Input; -10~10V Output; High Voltage Power Supply.

Quality Assurance Programme.

The modern technology and strict procedures of the ISO9001 Quality Assurance Programme applied during design, development, production and final inspection grant long term reliability of the instrument.

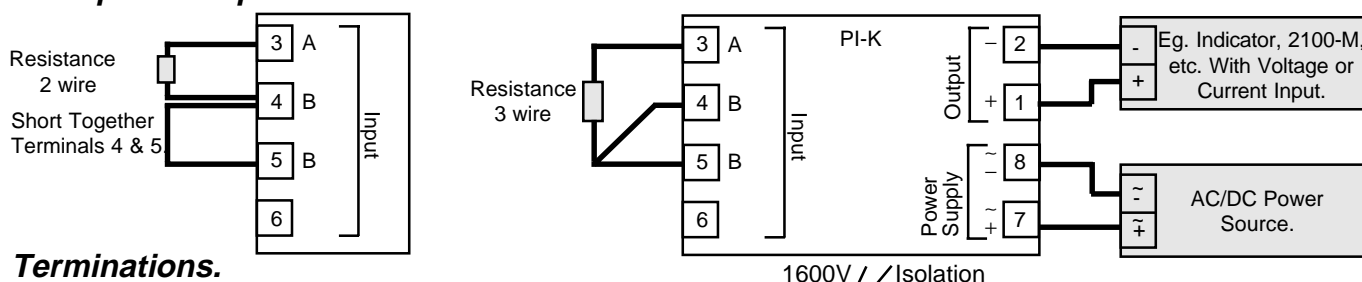
PI-K Rev2 Specifications.

Resistance Input	3 Wire Resistance.
	Lead Wire Resistance = 10Ω/Wire Max.
	Field Programmable Zero From 5Ω to 20kΩ.
	Field Programmable Span From 10Ω to 20kΩ.
	Suitable for 2 Wire Connection. (Offset Calibration Needed.)
Output	- Excitation
	0.8mA for Input < 2kΩ. 0.08mA for Input ≥ 2kΩ.
	- Voltage
	Field Programmable From 500mVdc to ±12Vdc.
	Maximum Output Drive = 10mA.
	- Current
	Field Programmable From 1mAdc to ±20mAdc.
	Maximum Output Drive = 10Vdc. (500Ω @ 20mA.)
Power	-H
	85~264Vac/dc; 50/60Hz; 5VA.
	-M
	22~85Vac/dc; 50/60Hz; 5VA.
	-L
	10~28Vac/dc; 50/60Hz; 5VA.
	-Circuit Sensitivity
	<±0.001%/V FSO Typical.
Accurate to	<±0.1% FSO Typical.
Linearity & Repeatability	<±0.1% FSO Typical.
Ambient Drift	<±0.01%/C FSO Typical.
Noise Immunity	125dB CMRR Average. (1600Vdc Limit.)
MC Compliances	Emissions EN 55022-A. Immunity EN 50082-1, <1% Effect FSO Typical.
Safety Compliance	EN 60950
Mains Isolation	250Vac.
Isolation Test Voltages	Mains to Input/Output 3kVac 50Hz for 1min; Input to Output 1.6kVdc for 1min.
Response Time	200msec Typical. (10 to 90% 50msec Typical.)
Operating Temperature & Humidity	0~60C. (Storage Temp. -20~80C.) 5~85% RH Max. Non-Condensing.
Dimensions and Mounting	L=80, W=50, H=120mm. Mounts on 35mm Symetrical Mounting Rail.

Product Liability. This information describes our products. It does not constitute guaranteed properties and is not intended to affirm the suitability of a product for a particular application. Due to ongoing research and development, designs, specifications, and documentation are subject to change without notification. Regrettably, omissions and exceptions cannot be completely ruled out. No liability will be accepted for errors, omissions or amendments to this specification. Technical data are always specified by their average values and are based on Standard Calibration Units at 25C, unless otherwise specified. Each product is subject to the 'Conditions of Sale'.

Warning: These products are not designed for use in, and should not be used for patient connected applications. In any critical installation an independent fail-safe back-up system must always be implemented.

Examples of Input Connection.

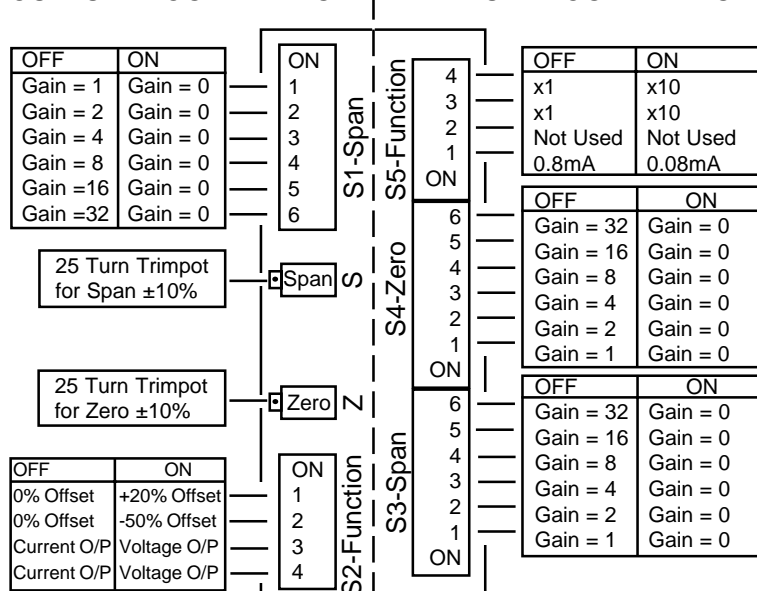


Terminations.

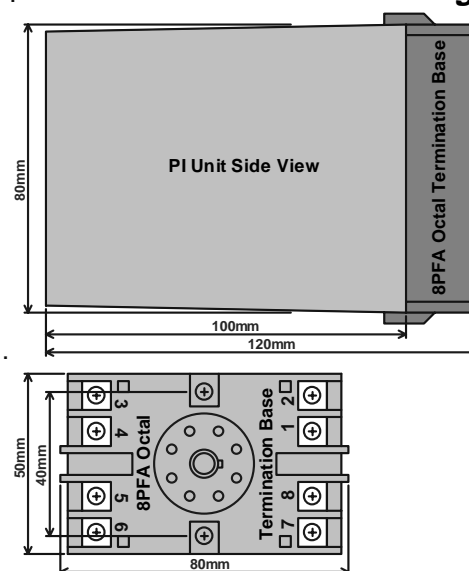
Output	1	+Ve	Input	3	A
	2	-Ve		4	B
				5	B
P/S	7	Neutral/+DC		6	NOT USED
	8	Phase/-DC			

Plan View of PI-K Adjustments.

OUTPUT PROGRAMMING INPUT PROGRAMMING



PI-K Dimensions and Mounting.



PI-K Input Programming.

Always set **OUTPUT range first**, then **INPUT range**.

If the input range is not listed in the programming table, use the following formulae to work out the Zero and Span DIP switch settings for gain.

$$\text{Span Gain} = \frac{600 \times \text{Pregain}}{\text{Resist High} - \text{Resist Low}}$$

$$\text{Zero Gain} = \frac{\text{Resist Low}}{5 \times \text{Pregain}}$$

EFFECTIVE INPUT RANGE (ie Resist High - Resist Low)	S5-1	S5-2	S5-3	S5-4	PREGAIN
10Ω <= Range < 200Ω	0	0	1	1	1
200Ω <= Range < 2kΩ	0	0	0	0	10
2kΩ <= Range <= 20kΩ	1	0	0	0	100

Gain Value	1	2	4	8	16	32
DIP Switch No.	1	2	3	4	5	6

So if a gain value of 28 is required, put DIP switch no's 3, 4, 5 OFF (ie, gains of 4 + 8 + 16 = 28) and all the other DIP switches ON.

DIP switches and Pots are accessed by removing the small rectangular lid on the top of the PI-K enclosure

- Note:** (a) Enter Ranges with their exponential value. Eg. Enter 2kΩ as 2 x 10³.
 (b) Use the same pregain value in both the Span and Zero gain formulae.
 (c) Enter the Zero or Span gain value into the appropriate Zero or Span DIP switch.

PI-K Input Range Programming Table.

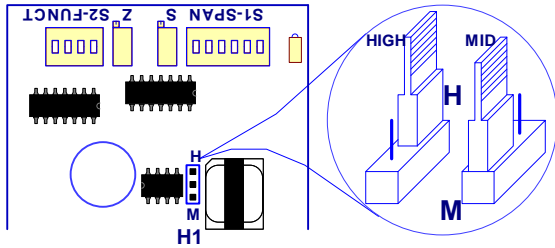
- Notes:** 1/ Switch status 1 = ON, 0 = OFF, X = DON'T CARE.
 2/ Input ranges with '*' beside them require more adjustment by the Zero & Span trimpot.

Input Range Resist (Ω)	S3-Span						S4-Zero						S5-Function			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4
0~10Ω	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
0~20Ω	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
0~22Ω *	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
0~25Ω	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
0~47Ω *	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
0~50Ω	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
0~75Ω	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
0~100Ω	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
0~200Ω	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
0~220Ω *	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
0~250Ω	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
0~470Ω *	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
0~500Ω	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
0~750Ω	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
0~1kΩ	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
0~2kΩ	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
0~2.2kΩ *	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
0~2.5kΩ	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
0~4.7kΩ *	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
0~5kΩ	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
0~7.5kΩ	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
0~10kΩ	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
0~20kΩ	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
10~50Ω	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
25~75Ω	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
50~100Ω	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
75~225Ω	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
150~250Ω	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
250~500Ω	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
500Ω~1000Ω	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
1~1.5kΩ	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
2k~4k	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
4k~10k	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
5k~15k	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
10k~20k	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0
15k~20k	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0

PI-K H1 Power Supply Jumper Settings.



WARNING: High Voltages Maybe Present.
Only adjust jumper with power disconnected.



Power Supply Jumper Settings	
H1	Power Supply Voltage Range
H	Link for High: 85~264Vac/dc
M	Link for Mid: 22~85Vac/dc

Notes:

- 1/ H1 is approx 4cm (1½") behind the 'S' trimpot.
- 2/ Exceeding voltage ranges may damage the unit.
- 3/ Ensure the enclosure label is correctly labelled for the jumper position.
- 4/ Adjust H1 jumper with a pair of needle nose pliers.
- 5/ Low Voltage Power Supply version is fixed, and has no jumper.
This must be ordered separately.

PI-K Output Range Programming Table.

Notes: 1/ Switch status 1 = ON 0 = OFF.
2/ Output ranges with '*' beside them reverse the polarity of the output connections.

Output Range (V)	S1-SPAN						S2-Function				Output Range (I)	S1-SPAN						S2-Function			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4		1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4
0~500mV	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0~1mA	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
0~1V	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0~2mA	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
0~2V	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0~5mA	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
0~3V	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0~10mA	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
0~4V	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0~16mA	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
0~5V	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0~20mA	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
0~6V	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1~5mA	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
0~8V	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	2~10mA	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
0~10V	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	4~20mA	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0
0~12V	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	-1~1mA	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
1~5V	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	-2~2mA	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0
2~10V	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	-5~5mA	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
-1~1V	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	-10~10mA	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
-2~2V	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	-20~20mA	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
-5~5V	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0~-10mA *	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
-10~10V	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0~-20mA *	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
-12~12V	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1											
0~-5V *	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1											
0~-10V *	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1											

The Proper Installation & Maintenance of PI-K.

Note. All power and signals must be de-energised before connecting any wiring, altering any jumpers or DIP switches, or inserting or removing the PI unit from it's base.

MOUNTING.

- (1) Mount in a clean environment in an electrical cabinet on 35mm, symmetrical, mounting rail.
- (2) Draft holes must have minimum free air space of 20mm. Foreign matter must not enter or block draft holes.
- (3) Do not subject to vibration or excess temperature or humidity variations.
- (4) Avoid mounting in cabinets with power control equipment.
- (5) To maintain compliance with the EMC Directives the PI-B is to be mounted in a fully enclosed steel cabinet. The cabinet must be properly earthed, with appropriate input / output entry points, filtering, and cabling.

WIRING.

- (1) A readily accessible disconnect device and a 1A, 250Vac overcurrent device, must be in the power supply wiring.
- (2) All cables should be good quality overall screened INSTRUMENTATION CABLE with the screen earthed at one end only.
- (3) Signal cables should be laid a minimum distance of 300mm from any power cables.
- (4) For 2 wire current loops, 2 wire voltage signals or 2 wire current signals, Austral Standard Cables B5102ES is recommended. For three wire transmitters, RTD's, and Resistance Sensors, Austral Standard Cables B5103ES is recommended.
- (5) It is recommended that you do not ground current loops and use power supplies with ungrounded outputs.
- (6) Lightning arrestors should be used when there is a danger from this source.
- (7) Refer to diagrams for connection information.

COMMISSIONING.

- (1) Once all the above conditions have been carried out and the wiring checked apply power to the PI-K loop and allow five minutes for it to stabilize.
- (2) Due to differences in cable resistance in the resistance sensor legs or errors within the resistance sensor itself a small error may occur (usually less than 1%). To remove this error take a low (approx 10%) and a high (approx 90%) reading of the variable being measured by the transducer supplying the signal to the PI-K, and ensure that this agrees with the level being indicated by the PLC or indicator, etc. that the PI-K is connected into. Adjust for any difference using the Zero and Span Pots in the top of the PI-K enclosure with a small screwdriver, until the two levels agree. (Clockwise to increase the output reading and anti-clockwise to decrease the output reading.)

MAINTENANCE.

- (1) Repeat (2) of the commissioning instructions.
- (2) Do it regularly - at least once every 12 months.

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